# Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 21. VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1895. No. 131



STILL ANOTHER LOT

Of the best and prettiest things in Sterling Silver Novelties has reached us.

As For Clocks

We have opened up some beautiful creations in Onyx, Marble, etc. All splendid time keepers. Drop in and see these things for yourself—newspaper space is not big enough to properly describe their beauties in.

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government St., Opposite Bank of B. C.

WM. STEWART, Merchant Tailor, 36 Fort St.

These are a few of our prices:

Genuine Scotch Tweed Suits from $15.00,
English Worsted Suits from $20.00.
Irish Worsted Suits from $22.00.
Pants from $4.00.

These are the Finest Imported Goods. We guarantee fit, honest work and good trimmings. Inspection invited.

THE WESTSIDE.

Closing Week Of the Great Sale

SPECIAL

600 Pairs Ladies' Cotton Hose,
Fast Black and Seamless, 2 pairs for 25 cents.
Bargains in Embroideries.
Bargains in Laces.
Bargains in Prints.
Bargains in Staples.
Bargains in Dress Goods.
Bargains in Jackets, Blouses, Etc.
Bargains in all Departments for This Week Only.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

July 24.

THIS IS A PRIZE!

No sell this time for we are selling:

23 lbs. Sugar for $1.
5 lb. Pail Jam, 50c.
American Ham and Bacon, 14c.
Fine Table Butter, 15c.

We are not in it at these prices for they are made for you. Don't be afraid. We mean business and 16 ounces to the pound.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO., 107 Government Street.

OUR ANNUAL

Summer Sale

IS NOW ON.
Bargains for Everybody.
THE BEST GOODS.
COMPETENT WORKMEN.
LOWEST PRICES.

A. Gregg & Son, Merchant Tailors, Yates Street.

Have You

Tried Falconer's this season Fruit? Don't miss it! Choice! Delicious! Don't miss it! Ask your grocer for FALCONER'S.


## TO-DAY'S CABLE DISPATCHES

**Emperor William Arrives at Cowes on the Imperial Yacht Hohenzollern.**

**Recent Heavy Rains in Japan Have Nearly Destroyed the Entire Rice Crop.**

London, Aug. 5.—Emperor William arrived at Cowes on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern. His Majesty was met by the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Connaught on behalf of the Queen. He afterwards visited Her Majesty at Osborne.

Shanghai, Aug. 5.—At a crowded meeting to-day of European residents in this city speeches condemning the action of the Chinese authorities regarding the massacre of missionaries at Wah Hau, near Kicheng, on Thursday last, were made and a resolution was adopted to appeal directly to the European governments against the outrage. The resolution also referred to the inadequate manner in which China has dealt with the perpetrators of former outrages.

Yokohama, Aug. 5.—Continuous rains have ruined the rice crops in many parts of Japan and famine is feared. Many lives have already been lost and the damage done is enormous.

Rome, Aug. 5.—Signor Martino has been ordered to return immediately to Rio de Janeiro in order to effect a settlement of the Italian claims against the government of Brazil.

Copenhagen, Aug. 5.—The king has passed a bad night. He suffered from frequent pains, and his condition is thought to be serious.

Constantinople, Aug. 5.—The movements of the insurgents in Macedonia have not been reported here for several days. The agitation is regarded as having completely failed.

Gibraltar, Aug. 5.—The 40-foot sloop Spray, Capt. Joshua Slocum, which sailed from East Boston, Mass., on April 24 and from Gloucester on May 8 for Gibarita on a voyage around the world, has arrived here after a voyage of 89 days. During the latter part of the journey Capt. Slocum met with many gales.

### VAN HORNE'S DEAL.

The Manitoba Free Press Changes Its Politics.

Ottawa, Aug. 5.—The Canadian Pacific railway has at last succeeded in getting the government to give the increased subsidy for carrying the mails. The company has made several attempts to obtain this without success. Sir John Thompson, when premier and minister of justice, decided they were getting all they were entitled to when compared with the amount granted the Grand Trunk Co. For certain considerations, all of which have not been disclosed, it is said that the government have passed an order-in-council granting a very large increase, but the exact amount of which is not yet known. What the company wanted was $350,000, but how much is not known. It is hinted that the change of politics of a certain C.P.R. newspaper in Manitoba is in some way closely connected with the deal whereby the company secured this increased subsidy.

### SKIRMISHING IN CUBA.

Insurgents Dispersed by the Spanish Troops.

Havana, Aug. 5.—Lieut.-Col. Moline, at the head of a force of 40 auxiliary troops, had a skirmish to-day with the insurgents commanded by the well known leader Matazas at Sansa Terres, in the province of Santa Clara. The insurgents attempted to surround the troops, but the latter were reinforced by 40 infantry and charged the enemy, which numbered 200, and dispersed them with many wounded. The troops captured ten saddle horses carrying provisions, and during the engagement 20 horses, carrying ammunition and other supplies, were killed. Among the killed was Capt. Jose Reyes Cadrera of the insurgent forces.

### THE INSURANCE MURDERS.

A Box and a Trunk Traced to Indianapolis.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—The Holmes case was neglected by the police on Saturday, the investigation being dropped until to-day owing to the absence from the city of Chief Badenoch and several of the detectives who have handled the affair. Pat Quinlan and his wife were given a breathing spell, thereby escaping a session in the sweat box to-day for the first time since their arrest.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 5.—A special from Franklin, Ind., says: About October 9 last Holmes came here with a mysterious trunk and a large box. This was about the time Howard Pietzel disappeared. An expressman here told of hauling the two receptacles. Mrs. Yoke, mother of one of Holmes' wives, said to-day that she understood that the box only contained her daughter's evening apparel and household effects. She still maintains that neither she nor her daughter knew anything of Holmes' relations with the Williams girls or any other women.

### NANAIMO NEWS.

Iron Works Employees Celebrate—Baseball and Cricket.

Nanaimo, Aug. 5.—The employees of the B. C. Iron Works celebrated their annual outing in this city on Saturday. The excursionists were accompanied by the Vancouver city band. All kinds of sports were indulged in and a happy day was well spent.

The baseball match between Nanaimo and Vancouver was played on the Caledonian grounds on Saturday and resulted in an easy victory for the home team by 16 runs to 5 for the visitors.

The cricket match between Nanaimo and the Royal Artillery teams took place on the cricket grounds on Saturday. The bowling of the visiting team was rather poor and the home team seemed to place the ball anywhere they liked. The score was Nanaimo 96 and Artillery 32.


"Creme de la Creme" (Reina Victoria Extra) Cigars, 10c.


### A BIG RUN OF SOCKEYES.

Canneries Are Overloaded—Last Season's Pack May Be Doubled.

New Westminster, Aug. 5.—A great run of sockeye salmon struck the river yesterday and heavy catches were made last night, from 100 to 500 to the boat. The canneries are overloaded with fish, and, if the run keeps up another day the pack, which is far ahead of this time last year, will be doubled

E. A. Jenns, barrister, and W. F. Falding, a well known citizen, have been summoned for pulling down diphtheria quarantine notices at Aliceville, a summer resort on the Inlet, where their families are staying. Last week four cases developed and Government Agent Warwick sent out an officer, who established quarantine and posted the usual notices. One of the alleged cases was in Falding's house and the others in some friends of Jenns'. The notices were torn down on Saturday night. The parties all being so well known and Aliceville being such a popular resort, the affair has created quite a stir.

## NEWS OF THE DOMINION

**Lightning Strikes the Methodist Church at Aurora—Fire at Woodstock.**

**Drowning Fatalities in Ontario—Other Fatal Accidents—N. W. Exhibition.**

Woodstock, Ont., Aug. 5.—The building occupied by A. Pullen as a general store and postoffice at Holbrook, nine miles south of here, was totally destroyed by fire. Loss $3,500, insurance $1000.

Aurora, Ont., Aug. 5.—On Sunday morning the spire of the Methodist church was struck by lightning, setting fire to the woodwork and causing damage of several hundred dollars before the firemen succeeded in controlling the fire.

Hastings, Ont., Aug. 5.—Patrick Gallagher, of Percy township, five miles from here, was thrown from a carriage on Saturday afternoon and killed. The horse ran away while he was returning home from Hastings.

Toronto, Aug. 5.—Edith Todd, the four year old child of Arthur Todd, was killed by a street car on Saturday afternoon.

Halifax, Aug. 5.—At Canning Saturday Henry McNutt, aged 10, was horribly mangled by getting caught in the engine of a sawmill. Death was instantaneous.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Aug. 5.—Elwood F. Butler, head engineer of the Niagara Falls paper mills, and Timothy F. Sweeney, machinist, were drowned through the capsizing of their boat in a squall on the river near Grass Island yesterday.

Toronto, Aug. 5.—Phœbe Young, aged 31, an employe of the Rossin House, was drowned in the bay last evening by the upsetting of a boat.

Messrs. Wm. Davis & Sons of this city have been awarded the contract for constructing the dam and power houses in connection with the Lachine Rapids Hydraulic Company. The dam will be nearly 5,000 feet in length from the head of the water and the company expect to drive over 14,000 horse power.

Winnipeg, Aug. 5.—John Little, teamster, fell from his wagon and broke his neck on Saturday. He may recover.

Niagara, Ont., Aug. 5.—Mrs. Nicholl Kingsmill of Toronto died at her summer residence here last evening.

Montreal, Aug. 5.—Geo. B. Jacques, manager of the Merchants' line of steamers, died suddenly in a street car on Saturday night.

Regina, Aug. 5.—The Northwest exhibition was in full blast yesterday. There was great indignation in church circles in consequence. Some consultation was afforded the Sabbatarians by the fact that the weather was unfavorable and the attendance small.


"Sonadora" Cigars, 15c., or 2 for 25c.


### THE TOURNAMENT OPENS.

Annual Meet of the Tennis Club Commenced This Morning.

The annual tournament of the Victoria Lawn Tennis club opened this morning, and is this afternoon well under way and everything points to a very successful meeting. Some of the best players of the Sound cities are in attendance, and a fair share of the honors give promise of going over to the Stars and Stripes. A comparison of annual entries in each class shows that never before was the same amount of interest manifested by Victorians who are patrons of the game. If there was one objection to the day's sport it was the heat. Along in the afternoon the sun made it a trifle uncomfortable for spectators, let alone players. A pretty awning has been erected in the old boarded court, and the seating accommodations are better than ever before. The attendance to-day has been very good. The courts are in splendid condition, and the games played to-day were interesting. The results up to 3:45 o'clock to-day were as follows:

LADIES' OPEN DOUBLES.

Miss Dunsmuir and Miss A. Pooley vs. Miss Kershaw and Mrs. Burrell of Tacoma. The latter won, 6—0, 6—1.

Mrs. Marvin and Miss Eastley vs. Mrs. Parkes and Miss Dickenson. The former won, 6—2, 6—0.

GENTLEMEN'S OPEN SINGLES.

J. D. Pemberton vs. G. Ainslie. The former won, 6—2, 0—6, 6—3.

H. W. F. Pollok vs. F. H. Stirling. The former won, 6—0, 6—1.

E. A. Jacob vs. R. Harvey. The former won, 5—6, 6—3, 6—4.

LADIES' OPEN SINGLES.

Miss Pemberton vs. Miss Scott. The latter won, 6—1, 6—1.

The first set of the mixed doubles, with Miss Scott and E. A. Jacob and Miss Aspland and A. R. Green playing, was being contested at 3:45 o'clock. Play will be contested until dusk this evening.


"La Fayette" (Reina Victoria Cigars, 5c.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—Sunday p.m., Aug. 4th, 1895, on Cordova Bay Road, one Lady's Coat and Gloves. Finder will please leave same at 46 Hillside Ave., or with A. T. Cotton at E. G. Prior & Co.'s. au5-1

STRAY DOG—Irish Setter bitch came to my house, cor. Topaz Ave. and Pine St. Owner can have her after 6 p.m. by paying expenses. Fred. Berryman.

WANTED—Young man to go to the country to attend a few cows and garden and make himself generally useful. Wages $15 per month and board. Address A. Z., Times office. au5-2t

LOST—An English Collie pup, seven weeks old. Finder will be rewarded by returning to Dr. Holden, 13 Langley St. 1t

WANTED—By a reliable party, a small furnished cottage, within ten minutes walk from Postoffice. Adress "House," Times office.

WANTED—Young girl for light housework and to assist in the care of children. Apply at 16 Princess Ave. au5-1t

TENDERS FOR PIPE LAYING and Plumbing Work, to connect two dwellings with the public sewer, will be received until Thursday, the 8th instant. Chas. Hayward, 52 Government St. td

NOTICE

Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk, is closed to Public Traffic.

S. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

au5

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER.

SPECIAL SALE

Sumatra Leaf Tobacco.

I will sell by Public Auction, at Salesrooms, Bastion Square,

TO-MORROW, at 11 a.m.

IN BOND

A Sample Consignment, direct from the Importers, of

FIVE BALES PANDANG SUMATRA LEAF TOBACCO.

Terms Cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

au2

FOR THE NORTH

The Steamer BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

Carrying Her Majesty's mails, sails for Port Simpson, Queen Charlotte Islands and Way Ports, via Vancouver, on

Tuesday, August 6th,

At 7 o'clock p.m., from Porter's Wharf. For freight or passage apply to

CAPT. J. D. WARREN, Manager, 6 Trounce Avenue.

# CO-OPERATION AND UNITY.

## Those Were the Watchwords Used by the Farmers at Their Convention at Agassiz.

## Gathering Closes With Meetings of the Fruit Growers and Dairymen.

SECOND DAY.

Agassiz, Aug. 4.—The convention of farmers, fruit growers and dairymen is over and the last of the visiting delegates left the city this morning. There was really nothing except the attractions of the district, with the experimental farm and Harrison Hot Springs in easy reach to keep the visitors on Saturday, as there were no meetings. Business was brought to a close on Friday night and most of the delegates took Saturday's trains west and east. That the convention was a success no one will dispute. The mere presence of Prof. Saunders and Prof. Fletcher without any other feature of the meeting would have made it so. They are two obliging, courteous gentlemen, thoroughly versed in their work, and they placed the fullest possible information before the meetings. Both are ready talkers and both have apt ways of expressing themselves. There were two watchwords among the farmers—co-operation and unity. Nearly every one of their own speakers urged that they unite and stand together, not only for the support of creameries, and to secure an intelligent plan upon which to ship their farm products, but upon these wants which would take them almost into the arena of politics. It was hammered into them that working at variance in any direction they were mere stragglers going forward to failure, while united and firm they would be a power. C. A. Sharpe, who is in charge of the experimental farm, deserves the thanks of everyone who went to the convention. He was untiring in his efforts to entertain the many visitors, and was most obliging in showing the many interesting things in plant life about the farm.

THE FRUIT GROWERS.

It was 10 o'clock Friday morning when Lieut.-Gov. Dewdney called the meetingof the Fruit Growers' Association to order. He began by at once calling upon President Henry for his annual address.

Mr. Henry said there had not been that time devoted to fruit growing at the convention last year that there should have been, and he hoped that there would be the fullest discussion this year. Prof. Saunders, Prof. Fletcher, and other excellent authorities were present, and the fruit growers could have the fullest benefit of their knowledge. Continuing he said: There is perhaps not one amongst us to-day who has been engaged in fruit growing in the province, who would not say if asked as to the result of his venture that he had met with disappointments. Now we look into these matters a little and learn whether these disappointments are well founded or if they are not rather the results of too great expectations, too high hopes. When I first came to this country, nine years ago, I was told of the marvellous productions of fruit here, how you had but to plant a fruit tree, nature would do the rest. No further care would be required, and in a very short time the trees would come into bearing, yielding loads of the finest fruit year after year, besides making a strong, vigorous growth. I was told to look around me, and trees were pointed out to me which seemed to verify this remarkable statement. It is little wonder then, when the fruit tree agent came round, that the people bought so freely, and each tree planted was counted as one more sure step on the ladder of fortune. How we would all like to get around that law, laid down so long ago, "a man must earn his bread by the sweat of his brow," but let me tell you, friends, it is not the fruit grower who is going to get around it. Nature is unwilling to help those who do not help themselves. The early settlers of this country had enough to contend with in disadvantages and hardships of a pioneer life. The difficulty and expense of getting trees and planting them were great, and they well deserved the results which rewarded them. Plums and prunes seem to be the only fruit which now uphold the record of bygone days, for of them we can almost say yet they require neither care nor attention. Many fruit growers are discouraged, but let them study the cause of their discouragement before giving up. There is one way to look at it: if all fruits had thrived like plums and prunes agriculture would have been neglected. Now the only one who gets this reward is the devoted, painstaking fruit grower who tries to excel in his calling. Perhaps it is better in this way; if nature doesn't do more than her share, the "fittest survive" and fruit growing is not overdone. To be successful we must read, study and practice all the approved methods. There is a remedy for every trouble that arises in fruit growing; the government employes are constantly studying these remedies for us, and we may have the advantage of their labors. We cannot enjoy the good things without striving for them, often because we have to strive for them we call them good. Mr. Henry here illustrated his statements in this regard by reading several appropriate verses. In other countries the fruit growers have as many drawbacks as we have. In the east the fruit is affected with disease, different to our diseases, but still affected, and their climate is no better, nor nearly so good as ours. This spring they have frost and drouth, and many of their orchards are destitute of fruit, and the fruit growers to the south of us are also afflicted with many troubles. I am not speaking idly, for I have had practical experience in Ontario, and I say there is as much hope in this province as there ever was. As for co-operation through the province, there are district associations formed for the purpose of marketing fruit. But we should guard against districts working in opposition to one another through jealousy. We should send Manitoba and the Northwest fruits, particularly plums, in large quantities, but we must guard against glutting some markets and leaving others alone. To do these things properly we must amalgamate in one association and move unitedly as one man, for these mistakes are more likely to occur by districts working against one another than by adopting the every-man-for-himself plan. I hope each fruit grower in attendance at this meeting will go home with a determination to work for the good of our cause and may his motto be "prosper our industry."

Mr. Fletcher, who followed, said that it had been a dream of his life for ten years to get back and see the wonderful country which British Columbians had. He had not yet seen Vancouver island and the coast, but he had the upper country, and he never saw a place so free from pests. There was nothing like it in Canada anywhere. The country, however, from a fruit growing standpoint, had some disadvantages not known in the lower Fraser, so he was inclined to agree with Mr. Henry when he said that conditions were generally equalized in some way. There were injurious pests here in British Columbia, but he did not believe they were as bad as had been reported. He was pleased when he received orders to come here and investigate the pests. As an instance of how serious the reports were sometimes he said that he had received a perfect sample of San Jose scale from British Columbia, but since he had arrived he had been absolutely unable to locate even the orchard from which they were said to have come, and he did not believe the pest existed here. Mr. Fletcher said that he wanted it understood that he was a servant of the farmer and wanted it understood that he desired to make his department as useful as possible. His title was Dominion entomologist and botanist of the Dominion experimental farm, but in Ontario they had boiled that down to the "bug and weed man of Ottawa." The damage to fruits and vegetables by pests was simply immense, to instance which he said the dry rot could reduce one year's production of potatoes by one half, and the black spot, very prevalent here, could work the same ravages on apples. There were from 100 to 125 pests in Canada and about 15 per cent. of them had been studied and practical remedies found for them. It had been learned from experience that sprays of sufficient strength for one district were found too strong for other places. Plum foliage would stand sprays that apple foliage would not. He always recommended kerosene emulsion for green aphis in the east to the exclusion of all other sprays, but here objection was made to it, and he was in favor of that remedy which proved best in a given district. Here quassi chips and tobacco proved best. The latter was particularly easy to obtain. The effect of the quassia on the fruit was not known, but that was not a question for the fruitmen; that the pest was destroyed was enough. The speaker described the four stages of insect life and urged accuracy in descriptions in sending for names of bugs. He said it was the practice to call everything smaller than a horse "a bug." He defined the different kinds of insects, generally describing each. The insect which drew his food from a tree could be killed by active remedies, which included arsenical poisons, chief of which was paris green. Burning of the trees could be prevented by dilution and fine road dust made an excellent dilutant. The soil could be relieved by wood ashes and gypsum. For the sucking insects the farmer here could use quassia chips, which were effective. He found it very difficult to get the farmer to follow a formula. Ladies always improved on pudding recipes. A rule of thumb did not work in controlling insects. He had once measured the teaspoons of the clerks in the department at Ottawa and the largest held twice that the smallest did, and he would say that sort of measurement would not do for spraying. When the fruit grower did not succeed at first in killing insects he should persevere. The invention of the cyclone nozzle by Dr. Riley, of Washington, the discovery of remedies for pests, the improvement of spraying pumps, had simply revolutionized the industry of fruit growing. The speaker submitted samples of nozzles, some good, others bad, and explained their merits and demerits respectively. He said everything depended on proper spraying. A jet did not mean spraying. Spraying meant distributing the fluid as nearly like spray as possible. The speaker asked his hearers to write him and the department at any time. He was not going to get into trouble by calling his a "paternal" government, but would say they wanted to do the best for the people. He congratulated the farmers on the report of the agricultural department, which was the best colonial report issued. In closing he said British Columbia had the best climate in the world and amazing opportunities for fruit growing. Prof. Macoun predicted that the Northwest would be the greatest wheat country in the world and was laughed at as an enthusiast. He had based his prediction on the wild growth of plants and weeds that he had seen on the wheat land in Ontario and was right.

Mr. Cunningham asked if he had found any evidence of the codlin moth in British Columbia.

Mr. Fletcher replied that he had not and said that the people were singularly fortunate in being free from it. He fully justified the provincial government in the stringent measures taken to stamp out what was supposed to be the codlin moth. He said the codlin moth was the worst pest of the eastern orchards.

Mr. Anderson then read the following paper on "Co-operation:"

The subject of co-operation is one of the deepest import to the farming population of the province, and one that, I am glad to say, is now attracting some attention at the hands of our farmers. It is a subject, however, of great magnitude and importance and should demand much more than the attention that has been or is being bestowed upon it. Co-operation, of all things, is necessary for the welfare and advancement of the prosperity of a community: it is the working together of its members by which each contributes its share to the general good and by this means acquiring a power and influence which, as individuals, it is impossible to obtain. Reports received by the department of agriculture from all parts of the province point in the same direction, viz., the inability of the farmer often to sell to and in any case to obtain remunerative prices from the dealer, the latter being generally accused of favoring imported articles. Now, gentlemen, I will ask the question, why does a merchant engage in business? The answer is, of course, to make money, if he can, and he will therefore buy the best articles and in the cheapest market and sell in the dearest; hence, so long as he can deal in imported produce to greater advantage to himself, so long will he continue to do so; but when you can show

"Bonadea" Cigars, 15c., or 2 for 25c.

"La Fayette" (Reina Victoria Cigars, 5c.

"Creme de la Creme" (Reina Victoria Extra) Cigars, 10c.

Nervous Prostration

It is now a well established fact in medical science that nervousness is due to impure blood. Therefore the true way to cure nervousness is by purifying and enriching the blood. The great blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read this letter:

"For the last two years I have been a great sufferer with nervous prostration and palpitation of the heart. I was weak in my limbs and had smothered sensations. At last my physician advised me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, which I did, and I am happy to say that I am now strong and well. I am still using Hood's Sarsaparilla and would not be without it. I recommend it to all who are suffering with nervous prostration and palpitation of the heart." MRS. DALTON, 56 Alice St., Toronto, Ontario. Get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today. It is not what we say but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does that tells the story.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c.

"E. B. EDDY."

This Name we Naturally Associate With the Best Matches.

SMOKE

GLASSES

For protecting the eyes from bright light and dust from 35 cents to $2.50.

SEE OUR PERFECTED GROUND

Smoke Glasses, the finest produced for weak and sensitive eyes.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,

The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street

RURAL HOUSE,

Saanichton Station, ..... V. & S. Railway.

This beautiful and healthy resort is now re-opened under the management of J. J. Gray. The accommodation this hotel affords is equal to any. Persons desiring a few days of quiet rest will find this a most charming retreat. Wines are of the best only.

REPAIRS! REPAIRS!

Alterations, store and office fittings, carpenter work in all its branches. Weather strips for doors and windows.

J. P. BURGESS.

NOTICE.

Take notice that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners as a Licensing Court, in and for the City of Victoria, I intend to apply for a transfer of my retail liquor license for the "Nickel Plate" Saloon, Government Street, to Mr. Jacob Hasenfratz, of this city, to be held with respect to the same saloon.

Dated Victoria, B.C., the 2nd August, 1895. JOHN F. SCHMIDT.

THE BRITISH SHIP

"CELTIC QUEEN"

Will sail from Liverpool for Victoria about the middle of October. Cargo may be engaged and further particulars obtained on application to the undersigned.

R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.

British Ship "Howth"

Will commence loading in Liverpool for Victoria about September 15th, and having the greater part of her cargo engaged will have prompt dispatch. For further particulars apply to

ROBERT WARD & CO., LTD.

tf Temple Building.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

ICE

Tel. 44. B. C. Cold Storage Co'ns Co.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

No. 90 Johnson street, VICTORIA, B.C.

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

TERMS REASONABLE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Land Registry Act.

Lot 3, Block XVI; lot 25, block XVIII; lot 12, block XIX; lots 12 and 20, block XX; lot 17 block XXX; lots 26 and 28, block XXXI; lot 26, block XXXIV lot 1, block XXXV; lot 4, block XXXVII; lots 2 and 20, block XXXIX; the easterly 2-3 of lot 21, block XL; lot 13, block XLVIII; lot 2, block L; lot 7, block LI; part of district lot 185, in the city of Vancouver.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above lots will be issued to James Charles Prevost, guardian of the estate of Ernest Wilfred Pratt, otherwise known as Ernest Pratt, on the 28th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming the estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

T. O TOWNLEY,
District Registrar.

Land Registry Office, Vancouver, 24th June, 1895. 3m.

Land Registry Act.

In the Matter of the Application of Peter Steele for a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the following portions of Sections XXXI and XXXII., Esquimalt District, viz.:

All that piece or parcel of land forming a portion of Section XXXII., Esquimalt District, together known as Lots 20 and 21, according to a survey and plan made by R. Homfray, C. E., and more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at the N. E. corner of said section, thence running westerly along the northern boundary of said section 326 links, thence south 475 links, thence easterly to the eastern boundary of said section, 351 links; thence northward along the said boundary to the point of beginning, 562 links.

Also that piece or parcel of land known as Buckley's Orchard, and forming a portion of Section XXXI. Esquimalt District, more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at a point on the northern boundary of the said section 14 feet six inches distant from the N. E. corner of before mentioned Section XXXII., thence running easterly along the said boundary 400 feet, thence southerly and parallel to the eastern boundary of the first above described piece of land 325 feet, thence at right angles west 350 feet, thence north to the point of beginning, 198 feet.

Also all that piece or parcel of land forming another portion of Section XXXI., Esquimalt District, bounded as follows, viz.: On the west by the last described piece of land known as Buckley's Orchard, on the south by a line drawn from the south easterly corner of said last described piece to the Craigflower road and parallel to the northern boundary of the said Section XXXI., to the eastward by the Craigflower road, and to the northward by the northern boundary of said Section XXXI.

NOTICE is hereby given that a certificate of indefeasible title to the above lands will be issued to Peter Steele on the 30th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by a person claiming an estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, June 24, 1895.

RECREATION

Recreation is recommended by every medical man one meets; but it must be of a moderate kind. Now

CYCLING

Is healthful, invigorating and the best exercise for the whole body, employing all the muscles, and if undertaken with moderation will give a general healthy tone to the entire system.

You Must Consider

the quality of the machine.

The RAMBLER

is noted for its excellent build, easy speed and for the ease with which it can be driven.

WEILER BROS,

AGENTS.

NOTE—You can visit a through here showrooms on Fort Street.

him that he can deal more profitably in your productions, then, and not until then, will he buy from you. Now, how is this desirable end to be attained? You have tried individualism for a long time and to-day you are no nearer the object than ever, and I saw, gentlemen, that by co-operation alone can you ever hope to successfully compete with imported products.

There is no disguising the fact that the products of the British Columbia farmer are often, very often, of a very inferior description, and placed upon the market in a very unattractive manner. Take for instance butter, and I ask you whether the wretched apology which is often offered for sale would find a place on your counters if you were dealers; I think not. And look again at some of the fruit which is sent to market; it is not graded, nor packed, but dumped into boxes or barrels of every description. It is true that a great deal of excellent butter is manufactured, but the poor quality of some serves to depreciate the price of the whole; and the same may be said of fruit; a dealer simply will not be bothered with it, he can do better by buying creamery butter from Manitoba, or fruit from California. Now, the obvious remedy for this state of affairs is co-operation. By co-operative creameries, cheese factories, cold storage warehouses and co-operative societies of all kinds, dairymen will be able to produce uniform grades of butter or cheese at a lower cost; stock raisers will be able to kill and store their cattle at a time of the year when they are in their prime and not be under the necessity of disposing of them at a sacrifice or wintering them at a great expense; fruit men will be able to obtain uniform sized packages at reasonable rates, and if necessary co-operate in packing and shipping. But co-operation means a great deal more. It will, if you choose, make you altogether independent of the dealer or middleman. By means of agents to dispose of your produce, you would be brought into more direct communication with the consumer; by placing you in a position to obtain more favorable rates of freight; by keeping yourselves acquainted with the markets so as to place your produce to the greatest advantage, and thus placing the smaller producer on an equal footing with the larger. I am quite aware that many difficulties, real and fancied, exist in the way of carrying such a scheme into practice, but if they are overcome elsewhere, there is no reason why they could not be overcome here. Not the least amongst these difficulties is a matter of jealousy, a very unworthy feeling, but which, I regret to say, is one of the most common, and a potent factor against the successful consummation of co-operation. In Australia, New Zealand and the eastern part of the Dominion are to be seen most striking evidences of the effect of the co-operative system. The first mentioned countries but a few years ago were much in the same position as we are to-day in British Columbia, and whereas they formerly scarcely produced sufficient for their own wants, they now, with co-operation, export vast quantities of dairy products, meat and fruit, and as for Ontario I need only point to her numerous creameries, cheese factories, her success at Chicago and her enormous exports of butter, cheese and fruit. Here in British Columbia we are exceptionally well situated for markets outside of the province; the Northwest, China, Japan, Australia and New Zealand are peculiarly our markets, markets that we can always depend upon for our surplus productions, whenever that may happen. At the present time, however, with our enormous imports we need only think of supplying our own wants.

For the encouragement of dairying, acts were passed at the last session of the legislature for the simple and inexpensive incorporation of dairying associations, and for their protection against frauds in milk. The acts are copied from the Ontario acts, where they have worked successfully. Let me express a hope that advantage will be taken of these and similar enactments, and that ere long we may see the farming population of the different parts of the province co-operating for the general good. I will conclude by asking you to bear in mind that the department which I have the honor of conducting is always ready to receive suggestions and when necessary to make recommendations for the enactment of laws in the interest of agriculture and horticulture, and I trust you will all make use of it when occasion demands.

A letter from John Craig, horticulturist of the department, was read by Prof. Saunders, after which specimens of wheat from the Corcoran ranch, Okanagan, were exhibited by Mr. Anderson.

Thomas Earl, of Lytton, was the next speaker. He said he and Mr. Palmer had just completed a tour of the upper country and was surer than ever of the future of the industry. They were now brought to face the subject of markets. The upper country could supply the mines, where the demand would very likely increase very largely very soon, while the lower district should go to Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster. There should also be canneries to put up the surplus of small fruit and vegetables. There were two difficulties in the upper country, one was the need of irrigation, and the other was the large holdings of land. The convention would hear from Mr. Palmer as to the fruit land in the upper country, but what they wanted was the market. It was useless for all to send their fruits to the same place and overstock it.

Mr. Sharpe, of the experimental farm, was the next speaker. He gave his opinion as to the fruits best adapted to the country. For an early apple the Yellow Transparent was a good one. It was not a good shipper, but for home use or on a farm close to town, was good. The Wealthy and Ribson pippin were good late varieties, as were the Baldwin, Stark and Salome. The Russian pears had done very well, as did the Hardy pear. The speaker would not recommend peaches as a commercial venture. One of the best plums he had tried was the Guelf. The Bradshaw was a good plum but the trees had not fruited freely. The Victoria, American Violet and the Hudson River Purple Egg were good varieties. The Grand Duke, which was just coming in, was good. The Imperial Gage and Washington were excellent plums. As to apricots and nectarines he would class them with peaches. There were so many good cherries he hardly knew what to recommend. The Elton, Cumberland, Late Red and Black Tartarian, were all splendid kinds. They had under test some 40 varieties of strawberries and he would recommend the Dubeck, Warfield and Wilson. The latter needed to be highly fertilized. In raspberries he would endorse for home use the Dr. Hogg and Sir Joseph Hooker, but the Cuthbert was best for shipping. The blackberries he would favor were Eries, the Taylor, the Snyder and the Early King. The Erie seemed best, but he had not fully experimented with it as a shipper. Returning to raspberries he said the Cumberland Fillbasket, a new English variety, was excellent. Red currants were not a good commercial venture, but the grades he favored were Red and White Grape and Red and White Dutch. He had had to fight mildew on the gooseberries, but it did not give up to the Bordeaux mixture in one year. Crown Bob, Queen Victoria and Industry were good varieties. On apples again he endorsed the Duchess of Oldenberg and Jersey Sweet. The latter was a good baker. The only nuts he had fruited yet were filberts, which had done very well. They had raised splendid filberts, and he believed more should go into them. He would not speak as to winter pears, as he had not had much experience.

Mr. Anderson said the Winter Bartlett was a good winter pear.

In answer to Mr. Wilkinson Mr. Sharpe said the figs fruited two years ago but had not been cut out, and the trees had not fruited again. He did not believe figs would prove much of an industry here.

A short question drawer led to a rather extended discussion as to whether the French prune Petite was a success here and if there was any difference between the Silver Plum and Coe's Golden Drop. Mr. Cunningham had grown the first named fruit successfully and it was agreed that the old Silver Plum and Coe's Golden Drop were the same.

Prof. Saunders gave a general outline of the work being done at the experimental farm and praised the work of Mr. Sharpe. The farm had only been established six years, yet in that time 130 acres of land had been cleared and 1800 varieties of fruit gathered from all over the world and a great practical work was being done. The industry was developing in the upper country and the testing of the hardy varieties of fruit would be of value. The work required infinite toil and patience, and Mr. Sharpe was filling the post most admirably. The department had long since learned the worth of his services. His information was at the disposal of the people. The farm was the largest of the kind in the world. He closed by endorsing the bench lands, which were best for fruits. The trees were freer from pests, were above any floods, were better protected and had a longer season. Mr. Sharpe had an opportunity to test trees on four benches up to an altitude of 1050 feet, and the valuable information would be at the disposal of the growers. He believed the bench lands would prove of inestimable value.

Mr. Palmer said they could do much better getting information from Professors Saunders and Fletcher than in saying anything else. Since his trip to the upper country he had a much higher opinion of the resources of the province. He saw a great deal of the bench lands, and the Bartlett pears, Italian prunes and Baldwin apples raised were excellent. The country needed irrigation to bring it under cultivation. There was water going to waste, and he saw men who used more water than was good for their trees in order to keep the water from their neighbors. He saw many excellent orchards. One was a little one four years old just outside of Kamloops, and every variety of fruit put out succeeded. There was a great freeness, too, from fungus diseases. He had learned that nearly all the growers in the upper country proposed to ship to Calgary this fall, and was afraid there would be overstocking.

Henry Ripp, of Chilliwack, made a very amusing reply to Prof. Saunders, who had, in a comparative statement read last night, credited Agassiz soil with being better than that of Chilliwack. He created laughter by saying that when he first saw Agassiz it was a gravel pit. He would, however, give Mr. Sharpe every credit for what had been done. He could not think where the soil was taken from at Chilliwack, where the soil was all good. The analysis might show anything, but he was prepared to accept results first. He urged the farmers to co-operate in the future to their mutual benefit and put Chilliwack forward as the place to hold the next meeting.

Mr. Hulbert, secretary of the Hop Growers' Association, announced the organization of that body and asked the co-operation of the meeting in fighting the hop aphis, which was very prevalent. The speaker asked that a committee be appointed to take the matter up and read the resolution passed by the hop raisers on the point. One clause urged that the Indian farmers be required to keep their orchards sprayed.

Mr. Anderson said that the matter of the Indian orchards had already received attention. He recommended that the hop growers follow the ordinary methods of exterminating the pest.

Mr. Hulbert believed that there should be concerted action to kill the aphis on the plum trees, which were their breeding grounds.

Mr. Anderson asked how about districts where there were no plum trees.

Mr. Hulbert said that one fly from a wild cherry tree could do immense damage.

President Henry believed it was the work of the board of horticulture to take up such matters, and that it was unnecessary to form a committee.

That was agreed to and the matter was dropped.

Mr. Fletcher was called on for a few remarks on the subject of hop aphis, but said the life history of the matter was fully epitomized in the report of the British Columbia agricultural department. The eggs were laid on the plum tree, and were followed by winged insects which took flight to the hop vines. They were very prolific and in autumn migrated back to the plum tree. There were known remedies for the evil and persistent applications would give relief.

The meeting adjourned at 1:15 o'clock and in the afternoon at a meeting of the directors New Westminster was agreed on as the place for holding the next quarterly directors' meeting.

## THE DAIRYMEN.

At the meeting of the Dairymen's Association on Tuesday evening, His Honor Lieut.-Governor Dewdney could not be present and on motion of Thomas Cunningham Mr. Anderson was elected chairman. Secretary Macgowan read a letter of regret from A. C. King, manager of the Delta creamery, and from Chief Justice Davie. The city clerks of Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminstre also wrote acknowledging invitations to have the corporations represented at the convention.

President Cunningham was then called on for his annual address. He regretted the late hour to which the meeting had been put off, and the slight falling off in attendance from last year. However, Mr. Robertson would soon be here and a series of meeting would be held throughout the province, and the dairymen could gain much valuable information from him. He paid a tribute to the ability of Prof. Saunders and Prof. Fletcher and expressed the greatest pleasure at having heard them speak. He had been afraid that our American cousins would some day try and induce them to come over to their agricultural department. He had that morning asked the minister of education to have Prof. Saunders' chart showing the amount of the elements drawn from the soil by cereals lithographed and placed in the public schools. He was sure it was more valuable than some of the things now taught. The importance of the God-given industry of farming could not be overestimated, for no country could prosper without it. Farming in British Columbia had its ups and downs. When he arrived in British Columbia in 1859 he joined an exploration party seeking farming land, and they found some good land, but Victoria, then a free port, was the dumping ground for the produce of Oregon and California, where the settlers were much better off. He did not want to go into a political discussion, but a man in British Columbia could not, at the present time, compete with California and Oregon without protection. There were certain conditions existing which placed the British Columbian at a disadvantage and there was nothing to do but fight it out and let the fittest survive. The farmers should not be discouraged but strive on. The climate of the province and other conditions were superior for dairying. Clover thrived here and a cow could be maintained on the lower Fraser on an acre of land. The flood had been a good thing in one way. It had taught the farmers siloing and how to maintain cattle at the lowest cost. He believed the farmers wanted aid from the government and he thought it the duty of the government to foster farming. There were roads needed and other wants and why should not the government aid the farmer? Agriculture was to be the mainstay of the country, for the timber and mines would some day be exhausted. He would like to have seen the members of the ridings in the locality present. He regretted that the Dominion government had not acted to minimize the danger of freshets in the Fraser. The danger was becoming greater every year by the shifting channels. He believed it was the duty of the Dominion government to remove the obstacles and clear the bars, and was of the opinion that complete dredging would remedy the evil.

Prof. Saunders said he felt as if he was acting as a sort or representative of Prof. Robertson, the dairy commissioner, his colleague. He was not as conversant with diarying as Professor Robertson but would endeavor to do his best. Dairying had grown wonderfully. In 1863 Canada exported $13,000 worth of dairy produce; in 1870 it was $674,000; in 1880, $2,893,000; in 1890, $9,372,000, and in 1894, $15,488,000. The first and primary cause of success and progress was that the business had been profitable. Then the farmer had increased the richness of the soil, and the producers had kept up a standard of quality. The latter had been the aim of government work, and by the dissemination of good information had led to improving Quebec cheese, and made it as good as that of Ontario. That did Ontario good instead of harm, and the speaker pointed out that it was unwise to be pleased at the deterioration of an article produced in an adjoining district. That standard of quality had placed Canada in the lead and had driven the United States from the markets it had enjoyed. The trouble with the latter was that while it produced good cheese, its quality was uneven. Butter making for export had not gone ahead so well and there was room for improvement. Cheese making was not advantageous in winter and winter dairying had taken its place. The farmers had found that their cows could be milked for more than six months and the butter made in winter was the best. The speaker then gave the details of the winter dairy schemes carried out at Woodstock and Mount Elgin. Cows were milked for 10½ months where they had formerly been milked 6. The winter creamery had proved very successful and was now in the hands of the farmers and from the two the number had grown to over 100. It had been found that it was well to feed the cattle succulent as well as nutritious foods. That had led to the use of ensilage. He did not believe corn growing would be a success here, but clover could be substituted.

Prior to 1890 there was no dairying on Prince Edward Island except among individual farmers. The speakers had urged upon the farmers the necessity of dairying to improve the land, but they were hard to arouse. However, two years later Professor Robertson induced them to take up the matter, loaning the machinery for a cheese factory and agreeing to run it for two years. The first year the product was $7,000, the next it had grown to $40,000 and the next to $90,000. This year it would be $150,000. The article produced was first class too. He regarded that as a good investment. In Nova Scotia and New Brunswick there had been great advances but nowhere was it as great as in Quebec. She had even more creameries than Ontario. Western Ontario had gone ahead rapidly both in the number of factories and the output. In Manitoba many creameries had been started and most of its product found a market among the people of British Columbia, who should make their own butter. The territories, tempted in the same way perhaps, were putting in creameries. The Moose Jaw creamery put in three years ago had grown from a production of 300 to 500 pounds per day. Creameries had been started south of Calgary, at Calgary, Innisfail, Red Deer and at Edmonton. The six produced in all about 1800 pounds per day and nearly all of it came to British Columbia. It sold at 20 cents here and the freight and commission was 3½ cents. The creamery at Ladners was a good start and should prove a good thing. The creamery lessened the labor, increased the saving and cheapened the cost of butter. The saving by the centrifugal separator alone was ten per cent. The creamery butter sold much better than the hand made butter. There was no part of the Dominion better for dairying than the Delta lands. The crops produced were very large and the climatic conditions were favorable. The breeds of cattle were nearly all the same, being Short Horn, Ayrshires interbred. Some favored the use of Jersey bulls, but he favored the Ayrshire. In Quebec the cattle were altogether different. They were called Canadian cattle and were traced back to the country by the early French settlers. They were from Normandy and resembled the Jerseys. The cow should be liberally treated and well fed, and it should be remembered that she was a machine that had to be cared for. They had experimented with cows at Ottawa, feeding them four pounds of meal per head per day at first and gradually increasing it to twelve pounds. The tests showed that beyond six pounds there was no increase in what the cow produced and all beyond that was a waste. The identification of swine raising with dairying was most important. Canadian pork thus raised commanded from three-quarters to one cent per pound more in England than American corn fed pork. Butter markets had been destroyed by the action of the Australian government bonusing butter. It had been forced upon the English markets and prices driven to a low ebb. This had required cold storage in Canada to give England a regular supply of butter and Prof. Robertson had been busy arranging for it.

Mr. Cunningham disagreed with the speaker on the point that corn could not be grown here. He had seen corn at Chilliwack that was bigger and better than any he had ever seen.

Prof. Saunders said that he had been under the impression that a corn crop could not be relied upon here, but did not want to be credited with a positive statement. He believed the clover would be better. Mr. Harris of Duncans did not believe corn could be grown advantageously and thought clover better, as there were two crops and it was cheaper.

In answer to Major Mutter, M. P. P., Prof. Saunders said it was too cold in Ontario to store ensilage in stacks and they had given up the experiments. The silos were very cheap and in the stacks there was a loss of an outer covering.

Major Mutter said Mr. Kletheu had assured him that he had been very successful in stacking the ensilage. He had lost none of it at all.

Mr. Cunningham said that at Sumas Mr. L. L. Chadsey had succeeded in stacking it very well. He had covered it with sod.

Mr. Hadmen said that corn for ensilage had been very successfully grown at Cowichan. He pointed out that there had been a number of failures in ensilage by using materials that had been wet.

Prof. Fletcher should have "humorist" added to his many titles. It was 10.30 o'clock when his turn came and he told funny stories enough to get the crowd in good humor. He recommended that Indian corn be tried here in British Columbia, as it was a valuable fodder. Australian broom grass was the best of the introduced grasses. It would grow in either wet or dry ground. He advised the farmers of the upper country to gather the seed of bunch grass and plant it instead of resting their pastures for a year. The seed was easily gathered. He said the sedges which grew on the sloughs were very valuable as feed for cattle. He knew of an instance of cattle that had done better on it than some that were hand fed. In Canada they had 300 varieties of grass and they were trying to find those that were good to plant. The requisites were hardiness, quantity, quality and nutritiousness. The bunch grass which grew all the way across the country to Ontario was one of the best grasses. Timothy and clover were a good combination, but not the best. Timothy and June clover were not a good combination, but June clover and orchard grass were. Timothy and mammoth clover were good. Orchard grass should be introduced here more than it is. The basis of all meadows should be the common June grass. Where it did not succeed red top should be introduced. Grass should be cut before all the life has been sucked from it by the seeds. British Columbia, however, had so many excellent grasses and plants that it needed few experiments. As to weeds the general remedy was to prevent seeding and leaving. If prevented from forming leaves its growth was stopped, and if stopped from seeding, propagation was prevented. Weeds drew strength and moisture from the earth and moisture from the air. It was a battle with the crop. They also interfered with the proper rotation of crops.

R. Hickingbottom, V.S., provincial inspector of contagious diseases on the Mainland, read a paper on tuberculosis.

There were votes of thanks to Profs. Saunders and Fletcher, Chairman Anderson, the press and Mr. Sharpe of the experimental farm, and at 11.15 the meeting adjourned.

**"La Fayette" (Reina Victoria Cigars, 5c.**

## CHENG-TU MASSACRES.

### Chinese Government Will Indemnify the Missions.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—Under Minister Denby is now engaged in investigating the damages sustained by the American missions at Cheng-tu, China, during a riot there. The Chinese government has already given assurances that it will pay a suitable indemnity and has taken steps to ascertain for itself, through a commission, the extent of the loss sustained by the foreigners.

—What causes bad dreams is a question that has never been satisfactorily answered; but, in nine cases out of ten, frightful dreams are the result of imperfect digestion, which a few doses of Ayer's Sarsaparilla will effectually remedy. Don't delay—try it to-day.

**"Creme de la Creme" (Reina Victoria Extra) Cigars, 10c.**

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

TENDERS WANTED.

## TENDERS

Separate tenders will be received by the undersigned on behalf of the British Columbia Agricultural and Industrial Association up to 5 p.m. the 13th of August, 1895, for the following privileges during the week of the Exhibition, September 16th to 21st, inclusive of both dates:—

A. For the sole privilege of Dining Room and Kitchen.

B. For the sole privilege of Lunch Counter, with tea and coffee.

C. For the sole privilege of the sale of Soda Water, Ice Cream, Iced and Soft Drinks, Candy, Nuts and Fruits.

D. Cigar and Tobacco stand.

All the foregoing are to be located on the Exhibition building grounds and are to be outside of the main building. No selling in main building allowed.

Tenderers to supply necessary booths or stands. Superintendent to allot space.

E. For the use of Bar and privileges in Jockey Club Grounds.

All tenders to be accompanied with a sum of not less than twenty per cent. of the amount offered. The balance to be paid on or before the 16th September, 1895.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

C. E. RENOUF,
aug1-td Hon. Sec.

## Alberni Farm for Sale.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B.C., as No. 14576B in charge book Vol. 11, fol. 889, tenders will be received by the undersigned not later than the 13th day of August, 1895, for the purchase of the farming lands known as lot 15, Alberni District, containing 152 acres, more or less. The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Dated 13th July, 1895.

LINDLEY CREASE,
Victoria, B.C., Solicitor for the Mortgagee.
j18-1m

## NOTICE

Menzies Street, between Belleville Street and Superior Street is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
au3-tf City Engineer.

## Victoria Water Works.

The steam pump supplying the high levels will be shut down for repairs from 9 o'clock on Saturday evening until 2 o'clock on Monday morning.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.
Water Commissioner's Office, 2 Aug., 1895.

## MADAME BUSHALL,

—AGENT FOR THE—

**PATENT DAISY NEEDLE.**

For making pin cushions, lambrequins for mantels, windows and pianos, banners, lamp mats, table and chair scarfs, sofa cushions, toilet sets, etc. Lessons given at Room No. 1, New York Hotel.
July 10-1m.

## Music

Re-written, Transposed, Arranged and Composed for the Voice, Piano, any instrument or combination of instruments.

JNO. M. FINN,
27 Blanchard St., Victoria.

**"Sonadora" Cigars, 15c., or 2 for 25c.**

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their Friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 3, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
LOFTUS BROWN, secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139

JEWELERS, ETC.

SOLID SILVER WALTHAM WATCHES, $8.50.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 50c. New Main Spring, 75c. Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Desirable residential property, Lot No. 545; 60x120; 1 1-2 story cottage. Can be seen from 3 till 5 o'clock. For particulars apply 33 Quebec st. aug1-1w

TRY MARSHALL'S Home-Made Bread. Delivered fresh daily. Full weight, 50 Broad St.

WANTS.

WANTED—By a reliable party, a small furnished cottage, within five minutes walk from Postoffice. Adress "House," Times office.

WANTED—A girl who can do plain cooking, and is willing and tidy. None other need apply. Mrs. Templeman, No. 1½ Gorge road. Call between 10 and 2 or in the evening. tf

WANTED—Cash customers to buy tools of all kinds. Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson street.

WANTED HELP—Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $65 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write The World Med. Electric Co., P.O. Box 221, London, Ont., Canada. je17-3m-d&w

TO LET.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—for housekeeping of single; ten minutes from post office. 63 Superior street. July9-tf.

TO LET—Modern Cottage, 6 rooms, bath, etc.; large lot; $6.50. also 3 four roomed cottages, $4, including water. Good place for chickens and cow. Apply 4 Clarke street, Spring Ridge. jy8-1m

TO LET.—Pretty cottage, five rooms and bath. Apply to Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. may27-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

NOTICE is hereby given that the business heretofore carried on by Mr. E. W. McLean, at No. 152 Government street, known as the Oriental Tea Store, was this day purchased by Fong Pak Young, who will continue the said business. All debts due and owing by and to the said McLean up to date will be collected and paid by him. Victoria, 29th July, 1895.

MONEY TO LOAN on Victoria real estate; repayable either in straight sum or in easy monthly payments. Fire insurance solicited; rents and interest collected; houses and vacant lots for sale in all parts of the city. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

THE TIMES FOR SALE
At the following places in the City:
Sampson's Bookstore,
Corner Douglas and Johnson streets.
Campbell's Cigar Store,
Corner Yates and Government sts.
P. O. Cigar Store,
Corner Courtney and Government sts.
Braund & Co.,
No. 62 Government street.
R. Jamieson
Next to Post Office.
THE TIMES may be procured at above stores until a late hour each evening.

"La Fayette" (Reina Victoria Cigars, 5c.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.


JULY.

| S. | M. | T. | W. | T. | F. | S. |
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THE TIMES, P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager


# The Daily Times.

## NOXIOUS WEEDS.

Owners of lots are brought before the magistrate and punished by fine for allowing thistles to grow on their land, yet all the while the prosecuting corporation allows thistles to grow by the thousand along the sides of the streets and roads. In this sort of procedure there is involved a double injustice and a large measure of stupidity. The lot owner may be careful to clear the pests off his land only to see an army of them in the street ready to send their seeds to invade it in a week or so. If the citizen neglects his duty he is fined, but the mismanagers of the corporation's business go unpunished. A similar state of affairs prevails outside the city, where the "paternal government" prosecutes the negligent property-owner but raises a fine crop of thistles and other noxious weeds by the roadside. This is a very uncomfortable phase of "paternalism." There is no question but exterminating war should be waged against thistles and other pestiferous weeds. An intermittent and slipshod procedure will not do, however. There is absolute need of general cooperation in this matter, and the governing authorities certainly do not perform their whole duty when they go after the delinquent private citizen. Cutting down half of the thistles and leaving the other half to spread their seeds simply means doing the work over again next year, whereas a comprehensive crusade would mean protection from the pest in the future. At all events, if the authorities are not prepared to abide by the truisms we have here re-stated they should put an end to the injustice of punishing private persons for an offence which they freely commit themselves.

## A REWARD IN ADVANCE.

The Canadian Pacific did not get all the additional mail subsidy that was asked for it, but it has evidently secured a substantial increase. No explanation has been offered on behalf of the government for this increase, which Sir John Thompson found good reason for refusing. Neither is it explained why the additional subsidy should be granted by order-in-council immediately after the close of the session instead of having the matter passed upon by parliament. It is possible that the government does not see any necessity of offering explanations, feeling sure that the people are ready to swallow all its acts without question or censure. In all probability, if the government does vouchsafe to set forth its motives they will not be the real motives; these will be kept a secret between themselves and the belted knight who presides over the destinies of the C. P. R. The public need not be long in finding a true explanation for itself, for the attitude of the big railway corporation at the coming general election will provide one. The statement is made that the sudden change of tone by the Winnipeg Free Press in connected with the "deal." That turnover may have been part of the "consideration," but it is not likely to be all. An additional subsidy of $100,000, or thereabouts, per year is worth more than the support of a solitary newspaper in Winnipeg. A generous subscription to the campaign fund and such earnest efforts as the C. P. R. authorities put forth on behalf of the government in 1891 would be none too big a return, in the eyes of the government at least. If the government should be successful through the assistance of the C. P. R. and the Red Parlor, what new method of raiding the treasury would next be devised? How long are the people prepared to "pay through the nose" for the privilege of keeping up these unholy alliances?

A Halifax dispatch says:—"A prominent Orangeman from New Brunswick now here, who has long been one of Minister Foster's right hand men in King's county, says Foster cannot now be elected in York county on account of his action on the Manitoba school question. He left King's county because he and his friends realized that defeat was imminent. He accepted nomination in York county under the belief that he would practically have a walk-over and be able to devote his attention to other constituencies. His pledge of remedial legislation has entirely altered the situation and he now faces defeat in that county. In fact he is looking for another constituency."

"To lay with one hand the power of the government on the property of the citizen, and with the other to bestow it upon favored individuals to aid private enterprise and build up private fortunes is none the less robbery because it is done under the form of law and is called taxation. This is not legislation. It is a decree under legislative form. Nor is it taxation. There can be no lawful taxation which is not laid for a public purpose."—From a judgment by the United States supreme court, rendered by Justice Miller.

## MORE PRECIOUS THAN GOLD.

### Some Metals That Bring Exceedingly High Prices.

We commonly think of gold as the most valuable of metals, because it is the most precious of metals that are produced in sufficient quantity to be in common use. There are, however, several rare metals that are much more valuable than gold. We extract the following statement from The American Journal of Photography, May: "Gallium, for example, is quoted in the market at $3,000 an ounce avoirdupois. Traces of it occur in some zinc-ores, tons of which must be worked over in order to obtain a trifling quantity. Gallium is a very remarkable substance. At the ordinary summer temperature of 86 degrees F., it becomes liquid like mercury. The latter becomes solid at 39 degrees below zero. Most costly of all metals, save only gallium, is germanium, which is quoted at $1,125 per ounce. Rhodium is worth $112.50 an ounce; ruthenium, $90 an ounce; osmium, $26 an ounce, and palladium, $24 an ounce. The last is about equal in value to gold. These metals are of no great commercial importance. Most of them are mere curiosities of the laboratory, having been discovered originally by accident, incidental to the analysis of ores. It has been suggested that some of them might be coined, but the supply of them is too uncertain. That was the difficulty with platinum, which the Russian government minted in the first half of the present century. Iridium is utilized to some extent for making instruments of delicacy which must have the property of not corroding. It is obtained from 'iridosmin,' a natural alloy of iridium, osmium, rhodium, platinum, and ruthenium. This extraordinary mixture of rare metals is white. Much of it is found in washing for gold in the beach sands of Oregon. It resists the action of all single acids. Its only important use is for tipping gold pens. For this purpose the grains of it, which are flat like gold-dust, are picked out with magnifying glasses. At the mints it makes a good deal of trouble, the difficulty being found in separating it from gold bullion."


"Creme de la Creme" (Reina Victoria Extra) Cigars, 10c.


### American News.

San Francisco, Aug. 5.—Lady Sholto Douglas, the wife of the second son of the Marquis of Queensberry, who lately left a concert hall to become the wife of the young lord, in her desire to fit herself for her situation in life has applied for admission to the Alameda high school. Her ladyship has not yet been enrolled, as there is a doubt in the mind of the principal about the eligibility of a married woman to enter the school, and her application has been referred to the superintendent, who has taken the matter up.


Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.


## POLITICAL DRAMA IN THREE ACTS

ACT I.—SCENE I.—THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell soliloquises:

"Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown."
Smith spake the poet; I do find him apt.
The people's crown I wear; 'twas thrust on me
By force of circumstances when our late chief
We laid to rest amid a nation's woe.
Around me gathers trouble; I know not
Which way to bend my course, which way is best
To satisfy the Orange and the Green.
Shades of the dead be near to counsel me!
Yield knowledge sage and influence benign!
O Grand Old Man—To-Morrow justly called—
Had I a moiety of thy great art
How easily should this question be met
And find solution. I'll inspiration draw
From Old To-morrow, he who knew so well
To put the suppliant off with promise fair—
"To-morrow and To-morrow and To-morrow."
Thus might I creep from day to day and so
Postpone the final hour of reckoning.
There's yet another plan, perchance played out.
A favorite with our late lamented chief,—
To seek refuge from the impending storm
Behind some legal rampart, to invoke
The law's delays and thus transfer the blame
To those who never can be straightly charged.
But here's the crisis; something I must do
To blunt its sharpness, something I must do
To reconcile those kickers from Quebec.
Here lies, writ plain, their message of revolt;
How best receive it? With all gentleness
And great affected sorrow? 'Twas not thus
I met and curbed Sir Hibbert's frantic bolt,
When he essayed, fond man, his puny strength
To set against our wish and government—
Like learns of old he sought to rise
And soar amid the clouds on waxen wings.
Too high he flew; the heat of my fierce wrath
Melted his cunning wax and down he dropt
Into a sea of ridicule and scorn.
Can I so tame this recreant breed of France?
I greatly fear not; union gives them strength.
Angers at least can neither be cajoled
Nor menaced; he's a somewhat loftier mind
Than common 'mongst his race; 'twas he who quelled
The giant Mercier, hurled from the seat
Which he dishonored much and sent him down
The dusky ways of death, and thus he saved
The people from a grievous sin.
But now the hour has rung which calls apace
The meeting of our council to resolve
These matters weighty. First I'll make easy
To tickle these vain French with honeyed speech
And make a show of bombast eloquence.

SCENE II.—PLACE, THE SAME.

Enter members of cabinet.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell:

O, sons of France, I know your mettle well;
I know your fibre is composed of stuff
Whereout all heroes bold are fashioned.
Leifer would I believe that magnet true
Should his true pole deny and turn aside
Than that thou shouldst by the smallest jot
Swerve from the just meridian of the right.
Yet pause awhile in sage reflection
Before you take this step irrevocable.
Consider well what ruin will be wrought
Upon our ancient government and power
If thou take arms against thy life-long friends.
The eager watchful foe will profit much
By thy defection; we scarce withstand
Even now with serried and unbroken ranks
Their well-directed desperate inroads.
Their knights are few, but valorous and strong;
By numbers only are they overborne.
Much do I fear their leader, Wilfrid high,
A chieftain full of cunning and device,
In exploit daring, of puissant arm,
Withal a man of dangerous eloquence,
And much beloved by his followers.
Who further 'mongst you, brave as you may be,
Is over-anxious to couch his spear
Against the lion Richard, him who loves
The battle-storm and clangour rude of arms!

Haggart:

Methinks Sir Bowell over estimates
The strength and puissance of our enemies,
And does scant justice to our leal knights
And valiant.

Sir McK. Bowell:

Not so; I only meant to warn
Against the fault of over-confidence.
I misprise not the powers of our knights.
Our gallant Foster here assuredly
I'll match against their best; Sir Hibbert too
Has gathered well-won laurels on the field.
Much it delighted me just two days gone
To hear of his encounter with D'Alton,
That paynim bold, and how he vanquished him,
And strewed the chamber floor both far and near
With fragments of the man late called McCarthy.

Tupper:

True, sir, indeed. I think McCarthy's done for.

Wallace:

We but waste time; let us to business.

Sir McK. Bowell:

What then say ye, O worthy sons of France?
Do you still persevere in your resolve
To wrest yourselves from out our love, to gain
Our hate; to leave our gallant ship of state
And take the raging flood in open boat,
Afar from friendly succor and rescue,
Where ye are likely to perish miserably?
Will ye not rather choose the better part,
Accept our pledge to bring relief, or ere
The coming year has passed its infancy
Continue in our love and aye remain
Our trusted friends and colleagues.

Ouimet and Sir Adolphe:

That cannot be—we have resigned our posts.

Angers:

That must not be unless thou first fulfil
Thy solemn oft repeated pledge to bring
Incontinent relief unto our friends,
Who dwell upon the vast and rolling plains.

Sir Adolphe:

Ay, that and more to purchase my return.

Wallace (aside):

So 'tis the wind; Adolphe must have his price.

Sir McK. Bowell:

The time is most unmeet to bring relief
Unto thy much-wronged brethren of the West.
Sol rages now in Cancer; 'twill be scath
Unto our precious health to tarry here
Such time as will suffice to work that end;
Yield now, good friends, to our persuasion,
And straight come home again to post and duty.

Ouimet and Sir Adolphe:

'An oath, an oath, we have an oath in heaven.
Shall we lay perjury upon our souls?'
Not for Mackenzie Bowell.

Haggart:

What oath is that thou prat'st of, Sir Adolphe?
Is then thy oath so binding? Pray recall
That very solemn word of thine declared
Before the Commons on occasion
Of public charge against your honesty.

Sir Adolphe (angrily):

He speaks forsooth of oaths and honesty
Who is the hero of the Curran bridge.

Sir McK. Bowell:

Your words are hot and bitter, unlike friends.
Full well I see that nothing can be gained
By further colloquy since discord reigns.
This council is adjourned two days hence.
Meantime, ye of Quebec, consider well
What final answer ye will make to us.

—Halifax Chronicle.


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Real Estate, Furniture, Farm Stock and
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.

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Seven years' experience in some of the largest cities in England, amongst the finest auctioneers in the world. Four years' experience here in Victoria, with a thorough practical knowledge of every branch of the business and of the values of every description of merchandise.

MONEY LOANED

on every class of chattels consigned for sale. We advise our clients, in their own interests, to sell their goods at auction, as they get the full market price; but when an auction is not desired

WE BUY FURNISHED HOUSES FOR CASH,

or any bankrupt stock to any amount, at a moment's notice. We give the same personal attention to small sales that we do to large auctions. We endeavor always to be courteous to those attending our sales and to study their convenience. We make settlements same day, if desired. Our premises are the best appointed, most central and convenient in the city, and have been specially adapted to their present purposes by ourselves at a large expense. Have you any auction or confidential business? Come and see us. We handled nearly $100,000 OF OUR CLIENTS' MONEY IN 1894—that is the test. Terms the same as any other auctioneer of standing.

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Auctioneers Abreast of the Times.


## BIG FISH STORY.

### A Battle Royal Between a Whale and a Thrasher.

The steamer Northern Light, which arrived this morning from Shields, brings to port the latest fish story. Capt. Parton, of the Northern Light, is a bold and fearless mariner, who has sailed the western ocean for many a year. The Northern Light plies between this port and Rotterdam. She sailed from that port on June 21, calling at Shields to replenish the coal bunkers and resumed her voyage on the 27th. The ship made a northern passage, passing through the Pentland Firth, which separates the mainland from the Orkney Isles. Nothing unusual occurred to break the monotony of a dull voyage across the North Atlantic until July 1, about 6 p.m., when about 250 miles west of Rock Hall. The weather at the time was fine and clear, with a smooth sea. The officers had just returned to the deck from below, having finished their evening meal, when an officer on the watch suddenly drew the attention of Capt. Parton to a great disturbance on the sea, about nine miles ahead, on the weather bow. A general rush was made for the binoculars to investigate the cause of the commotion, when a large whale was sighted, apparently in deadly conflict with some marine monster, which appeared to be revolving over the whale's back. Within a short time the Northern Light was abeam of the marine contest, which was plainly visible to the naked eye. It proved to be a fight to the death between the whale and an enormous fish called the thrasher.

The fish is the deadly enemy of the whale, and when these leviathans of the deep meet, a fight to the death is the result. The thrasher generally comes off best, and never ceases until the whale is dead, a mass of floating blubber and bone. The near approach of the steamer to witness the duel did not in the least deter the thrasher from delivering his two enormous fins or horns with tremendous force on the whale's neck, which, at every blow, tried to get out of its way by diving, and at times almost jumping out of the water in his frantic efforts to avoid the enemy, the whale meantime spouting on coming to the surface, and throwing upward such an immense body of water that the conflict could not be seen for several seconds at a time. The battle raged furiously. Meanwhile the Northern Light drifted slowly ahead, and as time would not permit those on board to witness the finish, the steamer proceeded on her course, but for some time afterward they could be seen a long distance astern still fighting furiously. The thrasher, with his enormous fins, which it moved like the arms of a man, appeared above the sea quite twenty feet in a vertical position, before striking a blow on the whale's back. The estimated length of the whale was fully 120 feet, while that of the thrasher was about eighty feet.

The chief engineer of the Northern Light made a pen and ink sketch of the battle on the spot, and fully verifies the truth of the captain's story. He concluded his yarn by saying that if the whale in which Jonah spent three days and three nights was as large as this one, Jonah had good accommodations.

—Brooklyn Eagle.


"Sonadora" Cigars, 15c., or 2 for 25c.

**Bird Bread**

Will keep your songbirds healthy. For sale by

**C. H. BOWES,**

....Prescription Druggist,

100 Government street, next door to Hall & Goepel's office.

## LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The regular weekly meeting of the city council will be held this evening. The usual number of matters of routine and other business will be brought forward.

—The property owners along the line of the Johnson street ravine will confer with the mayor and council to-morrow evening regarding the removal of that nuisance.

—There will be no band concerts at the park this week. The finance committee of the council, to whom was referred the proposition to vote another sum for the concerts, met to-day and will probably report at this evening's meeting of the council.

—The engagement is announced of Miss Leo Phillips, daughter of Mr. A. Phillips, of this city, to Mr. Albert Mayer, of Seattle. The usual Hebraic engagement ceremony will take place anortly at the residence of Miss Phillips' sister, Mrs. Mayer, of Seattle.

—Thursday evening has been fixed by Mayor Teague as the time for holding a conference with a committee from the board of directors of Jubilee Hospital. The object of the meeting is to discuss "hospital matters," and all of the aldermen will be present. The meeting was to have been held last week, but was postponed.

—About 400 excursionists from Seattle and Tacoma, including the members of the Doolittle Republican Club, came over from the Sound on the City of Kingston last evening. The steamer arrived about 5 o'clock and did not leave again until 9:30 in the evening. A number of wheelmen came over and enjoyed a run to Esquimalt.

—The driving of piles for the cofferdam at Beaver Lake has been about completed and a diver will be engaged in the next few days boarding it up and making it tight. At the same time the work of bracing it will be carried forward, and it will not be long before the whole work will be completed. Good progress has been made on the cofferdam, and there is a general air of business about the contractors' camp at the lake shore.

—The sluice box at the Van Winkle mine turned up a nugget in peculiar form some days ago. It was in the shape of a sovereign made in her Majesty's mint, London, in 1852. It was black and discolored and had evidently been partially buried in the earth for years. It was probably lost by some miner in the early days, has the distinction as gold of having been twice mined, and is a peculiar example of the accidental here on earth. The coin is preserved by the owners of the Van Winkle as a curiosity.

—William Hall, the Wild Swan bluejacket arrested for breaking the plate glass window of A. B. Erskine's store, while drunk, was given a preliminary hearing before Magistrate Macrae this morning and committed for trial before the first court of competent jurisdiction. The charge was the wilful damage of property. The proposal was made to withdraw the charge and allow Hall to pay for the window by deducting 20 shillings a month from his pay, but the ship's officers would not guarantee the whole amount. The reason advanced was that Hall's conduct had not been very good and they did not have sufficient confidence in him to stand good for the amount. Hall will very likely be tried speedily.

—Among the passengers who came down on the steamer City of Topeka from Alaska yesterday were three of the survivors of the American schooner C. G. White, which was wrecked on the Alaskan coast several months ago. The men spent several weeks on a frozen and barren island before being rescued, and suffered terrible agony. All of them lost limbs by being frost bitten. One of the men who came down yesterday had but one finger on each hand and had lost part of each foot. They had to bury themselves in the snow to prevent being frozen to death. The men did not remain here but went to the Sound on the Topeka. The Topeka had a splendid trip, the tourists being delighted with what they saw.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—The old steamer Zambesi, that used to run to Victoria, now sails under the Japanese flag as the Toyo-Maru.

—Have you seen the Rambler at Weller Bros? One of the nicest machines made, and is gaining much popularity.

—First-class Monuments, Headstones and Cemetery Coping at very low prices at A. Stewart's, corner Yates and Blanchard streets.

—William A. Anderson has been chosen by the police commissioners to fill the vacancy on the police force. There were twenty applications.

—The council of the Board of Trade meets to-morrow morning to select a design for the cover for the annual report and attend to other business.

—Very large halibut banks, covering an area of 2,000 square miles, are reported to have been located on the northwest coast of Vancouver island by Capt. Jorgensen, of the schooner Moro.

—H. B. Smith and party left yesterday morning for Kootenay Valley, where they will carry out extensive engineering and land surveys for the Alberta and British Columbia Exploration Co., of London, England.

—A trout caught by Mr. Collister in Cowichan river yesterday is exhibited in Barnsley & Co.'s show window on Government street. It weighs 1¾ pounds and is pronounced a beauty by all who have seen it.

—The lecture to be delivered in A.O.U.W. Hall to-morrow evening by Capt. Beck in support of his scheme to aid the blind will be under the patronage of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor. The chair will probably be taken by Col. Prior, M.P.

—Geo. Pauline played an organ recital at Christ Church Cathedral last night after the evening services. The programme, which was greatly appreciated, was as follows: Grand offertoire, in G, Wely; Fantasia, in F, W. T. Best; Haisworthy Church Bells, Wesley; Festal March, Dr. Heap.

—The Triangle rowing club will hold its aquatic sports on Saturday next. The programme is to be as follows: 1st heat, double sculls, tandem canoe race; 2nd heat, double sculls, four blade Peterboro canoe, swimming race; final heat, double sculls and duck hunt. The crews for the double sculls will begin practice at once. Entries for the other events will be received until Friday next.

—Dr. Griffiths, the Theosophical lecturer, had a large audience last evening for his lecture on "The Evolution of the Thinker." He also lectured to the prisoners in the jail yesterday morning. This evening another meeting is to be held in the Theosophical Hall on Broad street.

**"Creme de la Creme" (Reina Victoria Extra) Cigars, 10c.**

—The following programme was rendered at the concert given by the South Saanich Temperance Society on Friday evening last: Chairman's remarks, Rev. Lamont; instrumental duet, Mrs. Butler and Mr. Brooks; song, Misses Roberts; recitation, Miss McFarlane; song, Miss Fraser; song, Mr. Moody; reading, Mr. Sluggett; song, Miss Thompson; song, Rev. Trotter; duet, Misses Cutler; piano solo, Mr. De Lune; glee, by members of the union; instrumental duet, Mrs. Cutler and Mrs. Butler; song, Miss Martindale; song, Claude Butler; recitation, Rev. J. J. Ashton; song, Miss Edith Cutler; violin solo, Miss Roberts; song and chorus, Misses Cutler and Misses Brooks and Martindale; song, S. Cutler; song, Miss McFarlane, and dialogue, Misses Butler.

—Prof. Saunders, director of Dominion experimental farms, and Prof. Fletcher, entomologist and botanist of the department of agriculture, otherwise known as the "weed and bug" man, are in the city. The former came west to inspect the experimental farms and to look into other matters of business and will be here for a few days. He will visit some of the local nurseries, returning to the Mainland in a few days. Prof. Fletcher is in the west to see the weed and insect pests of the province, with a view to assisting those interested in destroying them. While here he will confer with Deputy Minister Anderson, Inspector Palmer and others of the provincial department of agriculture. They and a number of others, including Thomas G. Earl, of Lytton; Major Mutter, M.P.P., of Somenos; E. Layultz, of Victoria; E. Hadwen and R. Musgrave, of Duncan's, returned on Saturday and Sunday from the Agassiz convention.

—The Empress of India, which sails for the Orient this evening, will have some passengers aboard whose names are very familiar to the world. The most notable is Samuel L. Clemens, alias Mark Twain, the author of "Roughing It," "Innocents Abroad," Tom Sawyer," "Huckleberry Finn" and several other humorous books nearly as widely known. He is on a tour of the world, and will spend some time in the Orient. An old California miner, Tom Sawyer, chum in boom days in Nevada of Clemens, and from whom the story was named, used to tell the story of how Clemens got his nom de plume. He went into a Virginia city saloon with a friend and in standing the mixologist off said "Mark Twain." It may be he did the thing so often that it got to be a byeword, but at all events Sawyer claims that that is how it started. Other notables are Dr. Webb and bride of New York. Mrs. Webb was a member of the Vanderbilt family, being a Miss burden. Dr. and Mrs. Webb will tour the world and will very likely not see New York for at least a year. The India is to have a number of passengers and a full cargo of freight. She is expected at the usual hour this evening.

**ONLY 6** DAYS MORE FOR **$3.00 Cabinets**

SKENE LOWE, Photo., 63 Gov't St.

—A number of Tacoma people are coming over during the week to attend the lawn tennis tournament.

—The only child of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. F. Mescher died at Sooke on Saturday evening and was buried to-day in the Muir cemetery. The child was a year and five months old.

—Joshua Davies will sell by public auction at his salesrooms, Bastion Square, to-morrow at 11 a.m. a sample consignment, direct from the importers, of five bales of Pandang Sumatra leet tobacco.

**"La Fayette" (Reina Victoria Cigars, 5c.**

—Triumph Lodge, No. 4, Degree of Honor, A.O.U.W., will give a social and dance on Wednesday evening, August 7th, at A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates street, commencing at 8 p.m. Music will be supplied by Richardson's orchestra.

—The steam pleasure yacht Eleanor, with the Slater party on board, came into the harbor shortly before 4 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Slater, her owner, and a party are making a tour of the world on her. After remaining here a short time she will proceed to Alaska.

—The funeral of the late A. J. Rowbotham, which took place yesterday afternoon from the A.O.U.W. Hall, was largely attended. Rev. J. F. Betts conducted religious services at the Hall and the Workmen's services were held at the cemetery. The pallbearers were Messers. R. Dinsdale, F. Gilchrist, Geo. H. Maynard, D. Lindsay, A. Gonnason and B. Williams.

—There has been a very good run of salmon in the Fraser river since Saturday, and the fishermen have been making very good hauls. The run was welcome, as for several days very few fish had been taken. The big run was first learned of on Friday evening, when the fish appeared outside in the Gulf of Georgia and around Point Roberts in large numbers.

—There will be a meeting at Vancouver on Friday of those interested in the starting of a big central creamery in the Fraser river valley. The plan is to have one central creamery and a series of receiving stations at points conveniently located. The matter is in the hands of Alexander Phillip, of New Westminster, who will submit a plan complete in all its details to the meeting and it will be considered. Considerable interest has been worked up and Mr. Phillip has his plans well along. The project was to have been discussed in a general way at the meeting of the Dairymen's Association at Agassiz, but there was not the necessary time to take it up.

### LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The trial of the action of Coughlan & Mayo vs. the corporation of Victoria was finished this morning and after the arguments of counsel his lordship Mr. Justice Drake reserved judgment. It was intimated by the judge that there might have to be a reference.

**We Credit Everybody**

with good judgment in coming to our "Mark Down Sale," where you can get goods at your own price. Partridge, 86 Yates street.

### PERSONAL.

M. King returned from the Mainland yesterday.

Max Leiser returned last evening from the Mainland.

A. S. Potts returned yesterday from Agassiz and Harrison.

W. G. Mackenzie has returned from a trip through the Interior.

A. D. Williams and James Abrahams, of Ualos, are at the Oriental.

Mrs. R. T. Rogers and Miss Rogers, of Vancouver, are visiting in the city.

Capt. Lloyd, of Seattle, and T. D. Conway, of Chemainus, are at the Oriental.

Capt. Gaudin, agent of the Marine and Fisheries Department, is back from a visit to Vancouver.

H. Brackman has returned from a prospecting trip through the San Juan and Leech river districts.

Capt. H. H. Lloyd, pilot of the Pacific Coast Steamship Co., came up on the City of Kingston yesterday.

W. H. Mead, the Portland railway man, and Mrs. Mead, his mother, left on the Sehome this morning for the Sound.

S. M. Robins, superintendent of the New Vancouver Coal Company, spent yesterday in the city, leaving for the Sound in the evening.

Rev. Father Tassi, S.J., Prefect Apostolic of Alaska, and Rev. Father Barnum, S. J., are at the Bishop's Palace. They arrived from Alaska yesterday and leave in the morning for the Sound.

J. A. Humbird and W. H. Phipps, of St. Paul, returned this morning from a visit to the Victoria Lumber Company's mill at Chemainus, in which they are interested. They are accompanied by Mrs. and the Misses Humbird, Mrs. and Master Phipps and E. J. Palmer and wife.

Impure blood is the cause of boils, pimples and other eruptions. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and cures these troubles.

**"Sovadora" Cigars, 15c., or 2 for 25c.**

—To feel buoyant and cheerful use Adams' Tutti Frutti after meals. It aids digestion wonderfully. Refuse imitations.

—The fruit season is in full swing and our fruit jars are selling well. Weiler Bros.

—Wire cloth for screen doors, meat safes, etc. Shore's hardware.

New York, Aug. 5.—Stocks closed steady.

**A CLOTHING RUN!**

GREAT STOCK UNLOADING SALE AT TWO THIRDS PRICE.

We are determined to sell more Boy's Clothing Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday than we ever sold before in a month. Will do it, too, for we've made reductions which will start everybody in need of

**Boy's Clothing**

On a run to our store. It will be a big loss to us, but we are forced to unload at almost any price.

Suits from 75 cents up, all sizes and makes,
Remember 33 1-3 off for 3 days only.

Boys! Besides the money we save your parents, will give you a nice present with every suit during the sale Free!

**CAMERON,** 55 Jonson Street.

LOW RENT.
LOW PRICES.
NICE STORE.
NICE GROCERIES.
A very large assortment of Christie's Biscuits just arrived.
HARDRESS CLARKE,
Cor. Yates and Douglas streets.

## HAS THE SCENE CHANGED?

**Premier Bowell and Lt-Gov. Schultz Supposed to Have Come West by Plan.**

**The Latter Denied Yesterday, However, That His Trip Was Official.**

It looks for the time being as though the centre of interest in the Manitoba school case has been transferred westward from the Dominion capital, and even the prairie province, to the Pacific coast. Sir John Schultz, Lieut.-Governor of Manitoba, arrived at Vancouver yesterday, and while he pointedly denied to a Times representative that his visit was official in any respect, it was generally understood that there would be a conference between him and the premier at Vancouver, and the latter had partially confirmed the story in advance. The statement made by Premier Bowell was to the News-Advertiser and was as follows:

"The Manitoba school question?" was suggested.

"As to that," was the reply, "we are in hopes that an amicable arrangement will be arrived at. Lieut.-Governor Schultz of Manitoba will be here to-morrow, when he will take the opportunity to confer with me on the subject."

A Times representative was presented to Sir John on the west-bound train above Mission yesterday and rode with him to Vancouver. He was not prepared to say much about the Manitoba school question, which he said had become a sort of bete noir. Matters were in a regrettable state, and he expressed the wish that Canada would live down racial and religious differences and prejudices and come out of it all united. He assured the Times man that his visit was purely unofficial, that he was unwell and was traveling for his health. When told of Premier Bowell's statement he suggested that perhaps it was unauthorized, and in any event he would not place himself in the position of contradicting the premier. When the train reached Vancouver Premier Bowell was in waiting for His Honor and Lady Schultz, and drove away with them. There was no conference at Winnipeg when Premier Bowell came west, as the meeting was a very short one at the depot, and the general impression was that before Premier Bowell and party left Vancouver yesterday bound north on the Quadra there was a conference with the head of the Manitoba government, much though discretion and policy required a demand thereof.

Sir John Schultz is far from well at present, yet he stood the discomforts and tire of traveling very well. Lady Schultz, who accompanied her husband, is a most devoted attendant. They will not, according to present plans, come to Victoria, and their stay in the province will not be long. They plan to spend a day or so at Vancouver visiting Collector Bowell, who is an intimate friend of theirs, and from there they go to New Westminster, where they also have friends. On Wednesday or Thursday they will go to Harrison Hot Springs, and after a short stay there to Lord Aberdeen's ranch in the Okanagan country, where they are to be the guests of His Excellency. Both Sir John and Lady Schultz spoke in the highest terms of the respect borne by the people of Manitoba for their Excellencies. The respect is universal, extending from the highest to the most humble. "It may be of interest to your people," said Sir John, "to say that I met Vice-President Shaughnessey, of the C.P.R., on his way east, and that he was most pleased with the prospects of Western Canada for the immediate future. His trip took him through your precious metal mining districts and through the agricultural and fruit growing localities, and he said that with the immense crops in Manitoba and the Northwest the prospects for the railway business as well as the general prosperity of the country were never better. Our crops have exceeded all expectations. The late rains caused some of the standing wheat to 'lodge,' but it is coming up nicely again."

Sir John referred feelingly to Lieut.-Governor Nelson, now deceased, who was one of the close friends of his earlier years, and also asked after Amor De Cosmos, whom he had met in confederation days when the gentleman was active in political and newspaper work.

Sir John is very much interested in agriculture and particularly in those native plants and grasses of the Northwest that have come into domestic use. Wild rice has particularly interested him, and he frequently has it served at the Government House, Winnipeg. He planted some of it some time since on Harrison river, and intends when he goes there to see whether it has thrived or perished. He fears that the annual rise of the waters makes it impossible to cultivate it in that district.

The duration of Premier Bowell's cruise on the Quadra has not been exactly determined, but on its conclusion he will visit Victoria for a few days with Minister Daly before returning east.

ENLISTED WITH THE OUTS

and ready for the campaign of recreation with the cool brigade, is the proper condition to assume now. We are the hatters and furnishers for the cool people of Victoria, who have concluded a treaty of comfort with hot weather, by adopting our straws and cool, natty, and delightful negligee shirts, and the accessories of neckwear appropriate to the season. Come to us, and we'll season you to any temperature around a hundred in an outfit that would answer for Cuba. Our furnishings will answer for you perfectly, superbly, elegantly and inexpensively, considering the quality. We are now making large reductions upon all Summer Goods. All our Goods are marked in plain figures.

**T. L. BROWNE & CO.**

Gents' and Boys' Outfitters,

82 Douglas Street, Victoria, B. C.

**Telegraph Hotel To Let.**

The new hotel on Store street known as the Telegraph Hotel, containing over 45 rooms and all modern conveniences. For particulars apply to Mrs. Astrick, 252 Yates street. jy17-1m.

**The Eastern Pork & Provision Store**

HAS REMOVED

**To 89 Johnson St.,**

Cor. of Broad St.

## ANIMALS AS LEGATEES.

### Annuity of Two Hundred Pounds for a London Parrot.

History is continually repeating itself no matter what shape it may take, and the will of Mrs. Bradford, in which she left a certain sum for the maintenance of a pet parrot, is by no means singular, and is simply a repetition of what has occurred frequently in the past. There is nothing extraordinary in those who are fond of animal pets desiring to insure their favorites being well treated after death, and so far as parrots are concerned there is a case on record where a wealthy widow of London bequeathed a parrot who had been "her faithful companion for twenty-four years" an annuity of more than $1,000. This bird was sure of being well provided for, since the 200 guineas a year was to be paid to whoever took charge of her, and proved her identity twice every year, all payments to cease on the non-production of the bird.

The owner of the parrot was a certain Mrs. Hunter, and she named a widow of her acquaintance as the recipient of the bird and its legacy, giving her power to bequeath both to whomsoever she pleased, provided the person was neither a servant nor a man, and did not live out of England.

Further than this, she left 20 guineas to buy a very high and very large cage, and directed her executors, in the event of her friend declining her charge, to see the parrot placed in respectable hands, and she put this claim in her last testament: "I will, and desire that those whoever attempts to dispute this, my last will and testament, or by any means neglects or tries to avoid paying my parrot's annuity, shall forfeit whatever I may have left them, and if anyone that I have left legacies to attempts bringing in any bills or charges against me, it is my will and desire that they shall forfeit whatever legacy I may have left them for so doing, as I owe nothing to anyone—many owe me gratitude and money, but none have paid either."

Then there was Captain Hartmann, a retired officer, well-known in Jamaica, and noted for his fondness for animals. He appointed a person to look after his dogs, cats, and birds, and see they wanted for nothing; while for the many horses, mules and asses calling him master, they were to be released from labor evermore, and made free of his acres of grazing ground as long as they lived. When the last of the animal legatees died, and not until then, the estate was to be realized, and the proceeds handed over to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. This was over fourteen years ago, and the society has not realised as yet. The Count de la Mirandole, who died in 1825, left a legacy to his favorite carp, which he had nourished for twenty years in an antique fountain, standing in his hall. In 1781 a peasant of Toulorne left the following will: "I declare that I institute my chestnut horse sole legatee, and I wish him to belong to my nephew, N." The will was attacked, but it received a legal confirmation.

A Mr. Birkey, of Knightsborough, in England, died on the 5th of May, 1805, and left a pension of £25 per annum to his four dogs. He was entirely wrapped up in their society, and when anyone ventured to remonstrate with him for expending so much money on their maintenance, or suggested that the poor were more deserving of sympathy than the dogs, he would reply, "Men assailed my life: dogs preserved it." And this was a fact, for he had been attacked by brigands in Italy, and had been rescued by his dog, whose descendants his four pets were. When he felt his end approaching he had the four dogs placed on couches by the side of his bed; and he received their last caresses, extending to them his faltering hand, and breathing his last between their paws. According to his desire, the busts of these favorite brutes were sculptured on the corners of his tomb.

Some twenty-five years ago a gentleman of Columbus, O., died, leaving behind him drawings and plans of a cat infirmary, to be erected by his executors. The infirmary was to have rat-holes for sport, areas for amatory converse, and grounds for exercise, provided with high walls, with gently sloping roofs. The last clause in his will read: "I have all my life been taught to believe that everything in and about man was intended to be useful, and that it was man's duty, as lord of animals, to protect all the lesser species, even as God protects and watches over him. For these two combined reasons—first, that my body, even after death, may continue to be made useful; and secondly, that it may be made instrumental, as far as possible, in furnishing a substitute for the protection of bodies of my dear friends, the cats, I do hereby devise and bequeath the intestines of my body to be made up into fiddle strings, the proceeds to be devoted to the purchase of an accordeon, which shall be played in the auditorium of the cat infirmary by one of the regular nurses, to be selected for that purpose exclusively—the playing to be kept up forever and forever, without cessation day or night, in order that the cats may have the privilege of always hearing and enjoying the instrument which is the nearest approach to their natural voices." There was a grim grimalkin humor in this.—Boston Herald.

**"Sonadora"-Cigars, 15c., or 2 for 25c.**

## THE KNOWING SHAHZADA.

### He Got His Oriental Gifts Made in "Brummagem."

The Shahzada, he knows above a bit. According to the rules of the game, when a distinguished Oriental visits a European sovereign valuable presents have to be exchanged, and that of the visitor from the East has to be distinctly Eastern in its character. Now, it is a matter of common knowledge that Birmingham is accustomed to provide the greater part of the world, and Asia in particular, with a large proportion of its curiosities, antiquities, deities and the like. So the Shahzada, who has an autograph letter from his sire to give our Queen, and being sufficiently up in the game to know that he would be expected to hand it over in a jewelled casket, desired to procure this "noteworthy example of the jeweller's art" from trusty Birmingham. The work was executed by a well-known firm in three weeks, is valued at £6,000, and is throughout of distinctly Oriental character, especially as regards the centre diamond, which is three-quarters of an inch across, and weighs 17¾ carats. But the game must not supposed to be over. The Queen has her innings now, and has to give the Shahzada back as good as he gave, which is all good for trade.—Pall Mall Gazette.

—"Mamma, was that a sugar-plum you just gave me?" asked little Mabel. "No, dear, it was one of Dr. Ayer's Pills." "Please, may I have another?" "Not now, dear; one of those pills is all you need at present, because every dose is effective."

**"Creme de la Creme" (Reina Victoria Extra) Cigars, 10c.**

## WHERE ARE THE POLICE?

### Shooting Negro Boys in Washington City.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—The Flagler tragedy was almost duplicated when a young colored boy was shot by a servant of the Japanese legation while stealing fruit in the yard in the rear of the legation. The shot struck the boy in the arm and is not dangerous. The negro population of the district is considerably excited over the Flagler shooting and an indignation meeting has been called to protest against the verdict of the coroner's jury.

Halifax, N. S., July 5.—General G. D. Flagler and Mrs. Flagler arrived here on Wednesday, intending to tour Nova Scotia, passing on to Yarmouth. There a message came to them of the tragedy in Washington in which Miss Flagler took part. They left for Washington this morning. Mrs. Flagler is prostrated with grief.

**Did You Ever Think**

That you cannot be well unless you have pure, rich blood? If you are weak, tired, languid and all run down, it is because your blood is impoverished and lacks vitality. These troubles may be overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla, because Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure, rich blood. It is, in truth, the great blood purifier.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

—The best assortment of pocket cutlery at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson.

LARD isn't in it.

It is just because there is no lard in it, that COTTOLENE the new shortening is so wonderfully popular with housekeepers. COTTOLENE is PURE, DELICATE, HEALTHFUL, SATISFYING—none of the unpleasant odor necessarily connected with lard

Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails by all grocers.

Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company. Wellington and Ann Sts. MONTREAL.

The Most Stylish Women

want to be comfortable and the only interlining that will allow it is

Fibre Chamois

It is not only uncrushable itself, but will hold the material in shape by its pliable stiffness and will always shake out into its original graceful form no matter what hard usage it receives.

Find the RED LABEL with name and number on every yard of the REAL FIBRE CHAMOIS and avoid inferior imitations. No. 10 is the light weight, No. 20 the medium, No. 30 the heavy.

In Black, Brown, Slate and Cream. All Fast Colors.

### For Puget Sound Points.

The fast steamer Sehome, Chas. E. Clancy, master, leaves here every morning, excepting Sundays, at 9 o'clock for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with N.P. R.R. train for the east. Returning, she leaves Seattle at 10 p.m. daily excepting Sunday, arriving here at 6 a.m. Tickets at Northern Pacific R. R. office.

**"La Fayette" (Reina Victoria) Cigars, 5c.**

WHILE EXERCISING use ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI

It moistens the throat, allays thirst and aids digestion.

Sold by Druggists and Confectioners.

See that "Tutti Frutti" is on each wrapper. Refuse Imitations.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 27 YEARS' USE. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Memory, Dizziness and Sleeplessness caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, or 6 boxes, $5.00. Mailed to any address. Before. After. EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by ANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. sep29

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains to anything. Now used by over 20,000 ladies. Once used, will use again. Invigorates those organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature and unfaced label. Avoid substitutes. Sent in perfectly sealed envelopes, $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY. Detroit, Mich.

## TRANSPORTATION.

### General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS To and from All European Points

FROM MONTREAL.

| | |
|---|---|
| Allan Line, Sardinian | August 17 |
| Allan Line, Laurentian | August 24 |
| Dominion Line, Mariposa | August 17 |
| Dominion Line, Labrador | August 24 |
| Beaver Line, Lake Huron | August 14 |
| Beaver Line, Lake Superior | August 28 |

FROM NEW YORK.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cunard Line, Lucania | August 17 |
| Cunard Line, Etruria | August 24 |
| American Line, Berlin | August 14 |
| American Line, New York | August 21 |
| White Star Line, Britannic | August 14 |
| White Star Line, Majestic | August 21 |
| Red Star Line, Berlin | August 14 |
| Red Star Line, Westernland | August 21 |
| Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Lahn | August 15 |
| Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Neckar | August 15 |
| Anchor Line, Furnessia | August 17 |
| Anchor Line, Circassia | August 24 |
| Allan State Line, State of Nebraska | " 17 |
| Allan State Line, State of California | " 31 |

For rates and full information apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, General S. S. Agent. Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

### ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

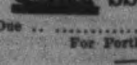
Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria ..... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station. Store Street. sp25

### O. R. & N. SS. LINE.

JAPAN and CHINA.



SS. "ASLOUN"

Due .. ..... 22nd July
For Portland, Oregon.

Cargo booked for Honolulu.

For freight and particulars apply to F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents. je14-tf

## TRANSPORTATION.

### GREAT NORTHERN

Shortest and Quickest Line

..TO..

St. Paul, Minneapolis,
Duluth, Chicago,
New York, Boston,
And all U. S. Points,

..ALSO TO..

Toronto, Hamilton,
Montreal, Quebec,
And All Eastern Canadian Points.

Daylight Run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains.

...The Grandest Scenery...

IN AMERICA.

SUPERB BUFFET, ELEGANT DINING, PALACE SLEEPING AND COSY TOURIST CARS.

The magnificent twin steamships NORTHWEST and NORTHLAND leave Duluth every Monday and Friday for the "Soo," Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo, in connection with the Great Northern Railway. Have your tickets read via Northern Steamship Company, and enjoy a delightful ride, free from heat and dust.

For tickets, etc., see

H. MARTIN, 75 Government Street.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C Rouse, Receivers.

### NORTHERN PACIFIC

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

| SPEED 18 knots | Victoria Route. | | | | TONNAGE 1347 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 30 pm | Lv | M T | ...Victoria... | 110 Ar | 4 30 pm |
| 11 45 pm | Lv | 35 | Pt. Townsend | 72 Lv | 1 30 pm |
| 3 00 am | Lv | 62 | ....Seattle.... | 30 Lv | 10 15 am |
| 4 45 am | Ar | 110 | ...Tacoma... | 187 Lv | 9 00 am |

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

*Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 255 Morrison St., Portland, Or.

HONOLULU, by O.R.&N. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, August 31st, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 114 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa, Thursday, Aug. 22, at 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.
R. K. CONNON, Agent. Boston Square, Victoria

### Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays Trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

## TRANSPORTATION.

### ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 24.

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| No. 1 Pass. Daily. | No. 3 Pass. Sat. Su. | STATIONS. | No. 2 Pass. Daily. | No. 4 Pass. Sat. Su. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| South Bound, Read Up. | | | North Bound, Read Down. | |
| Ar 12 30 pm | Ar 6 30 pm | Victoria | Dp 8 00 am | Dp 4 00 pm |
| 12 35 | 6 15 | Burnside | 7 56 | 3 56 |
| 12 42 | 6 12 | Esquimalt | 7 49 | 3 49 |
| 12 47 | 6 07 | Glenford | 7 44 | 3 44 |
| 12 52 | 6 02 | Colwood | 7 39 | 3 39 |
| 12 56 | 5 58 | Langford | 7 35 | 3 35 |
| 1 02 | 5 52 | Goldstream | 7 29 | 3 29 |
| 1 10 | 5 44 | Summit Siding | 7 21 | 3 21 |
| 1 16 | 5 38 | Shawnigan Lake | 7 15 | 3 15 |
| 1 25 | 5 29 | Cobble Hill | 7 06 | 3 06 |
| 1 35 | 5 19 | McPherson's | 6 56 | 2 56 |
| 1 45 | 5 09 | Kokoham | 6 46 | 2 46 |
| 1 55 | 4 59 | Somenos | 6 36 | 2 36 |
| 2 03 | 4 51 | Westholme | 6 28 | 2 28 |
| 2 11 | 4 43 | Chemainus | 6 20 | 2 20 |
| 2 16 | 4 38 | Oyster Bay Siding | 6 15 | 2 15 |
| 2 25 | 4 29 | Nanaimo | 6 05 | 2 05 |
| 2 35 | 4 19 | Wellington | 5 55 | 1 55 |
| Lv 2 40 pm | Lv 4 15 pm | Nanaimo | Lv 11 45 am | Lv 1 30 pm |

On Saturdays and Sundays

Cheap Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all points, good to return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for 15 days, including day of issue.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents at Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

### IF YOU ARE GOING EAST

TAKE THE

CANADIAN AND SOO-PACIFIC ROUTE . . .

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

..TO..

Minneapolis,
St. Paul,
Omaha,
Kansas City
Toronto,
Chicago &
Montreal

Running through sleepers and upholstered Tourist cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.

For rates and all information apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria.

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

### CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 27,

Taking effect Sun. 21st, 1895.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

### PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

WALLA WALLA, - - AUG. 6

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

AT COST! STRAW HATS BOATING AND TENNIS SUITS B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

# BRITISH COLUMBIA.

### ROSSLAND.

(Rossland Miner.)

The Columbia Mining Co. will put in an air compressor drill plant at once.

Solid ore was struck on the Maid of Erin shaft on the 27th. It assays $12 and $13.

Preparations are being made to pump out the Nickel Plate preparatory to starting in to work the property. It is understood that the negotiations for turning the Nickel Plate over to a joint stock ocmpany have been successfully carried out.

John M. Burke confirms the report that the Homestake is looking well. There are three feet of ore in the tunnel and the shaft.

The Crown Point is expected to be soon shipping ore.

Arrangements for the sale of the Mascot and Mascot fraction have been completed between Martin King, representing the Columbia mining company, and Charles Dundee and J. McKinley, the owners of the ground. The price given is $8,000 cash.

Some astonishingly high assays have recently been obtained from specimens taken from the west drift of the 350 foot level in the Le Roi. One sample gave a return of 24½ oz. of gold per ton.

Sunday, July 28th, at 3 o'clock a.m., the wife of E. Lavalley, shoemaker, of a daughter. Mother and child both doing well. This is the first birth in Rossland.

Ben Finnell, who returned from the head waters of Murphy and Sullivan Creeks on the 26th, says he met more outfits going in there than he could count, and they were all so anxious to get on the ground that they would not stop to talk to him on the way. Ben, along with Steve Walsh, Bob Macks and Bob Smith, was out doing development work on a ledge he and his partners discovered some time ago, and on which they located three claims, tracing the ore clean into the snow. On going back this time they traced it still higher up the hill and located another claim upon it. Ben Finnell says the property looks all right although they have practically no work done yet except their blacksmith shop set up, and a little prospecting on the ledge.

The following output is reported:

VIA NORTHPORT.

| | Tons. | App. Value. |
|---|---|---|
| July 21-27—Le Roi, to Helena | 90 | $4,922 55 |
| July 21-27—War Eagle to Helena | 195 | 9,957 19 |
| July 21-27—Josie mine, to Tacoma | 14 | 485 70 |
| VIA TRAIL. | | |
| July 21-27—Le Roi, to Helena | 70 | 3,500 00 |
| July 21-27—War Eagle to Helena | 190 | 9,500 00 |
| Total | 559 | $28,365 44 |

TOTAL SO FAR FOR JULY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| First week | 670 1-2 | $32,914 89 |
| Second week | 729 3-4 | 34,600 50 |
| Third week | 753 1-2 | 33,320 50 |
| Fourth week | 569 | 28,365 44 |
| Total for May | 1,923 | $ 92,433 72 |
| Total for June | 2,959 3-4 | 135,386 00 |

The amount of gold, silver and copper shipped from the Trail Creek district during the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1895, follows. The period of time covered is a year, all the production but a very small fraction having taken place during the past five months:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Gold | 20,519 ounces. | $400,200 00 |
| Silver | 29,804 ounces. | 27,502 20 |
| Copper | 925,626 pounds. | 46,372 65 |
| Total value | | $468,375 25 |

* * *

### KAMLOOPS.

Inland Sentinel.

It is stated that during the month a train load, 15 cars, of cattle will be shipped from Ashcroft to Liverpool. The cattle come from the Chilcotin This will be the first time that cattle have been shipped across the Atlantic from British Columbia.

Eight men have been engaged by Mr. J. F. Smith to go to the mica mines at Tete Jeune Cache for Mr. L. V. Bennett. Sixteen pack horses will be taken to convey down as much of the mica as possible. The party will likely be gone about 10 weeks.

Mr. W. R. McCluskey, manager of the BX ranch, Okanagan, who for a time this spring was at Royal Inland hospital, died on Wednesday very suddenly. About two years ago a horse fell with him when the horn of the saddle caused pressure upon his heart and since then he has never been well.

A quiet wedding took place in the Episcopal church on Monday, when Mr. James Douglas Kirkpatrick, of Dog Creek, was united in marriage to Miss Emma Bowe, daughter of Mr. H. O. Bowe, of Alkali Lake, Rev. E. P. Flewelling, incumbent, officiating.

* * *

### NICOLA.

Mr. A. E. Howse, who was so unfortunate as to have his hotel at Nicola Lake, the Driard, burned down last January, has the building to take its place almost completed. In the new one attention is given to design, so that a beautiful building of modern style is the result. It contains about 25 large airy rooms, which will be furnished very comfortably, and in every respect the hotel will be a first-class one, as a man of Mr. Howse's enterprise would have nothing else. The house will be ready for accommodation of guests in a few weeks.

* * *

### REVELSTOKE.

The prospectors, Reighley and Frisby, who left here about three weeks ago, for a trip through Jordan Pass, returned last Sunday. They brought in with them specimens of ore from a claim which they located near the Shuswap lakes. The samples are supposed to run high in gold and silver.

George Calloway disappeared from Illecillewaet last Friday very mysteriously. He is supposed to have been drowned.

A party of San Francisco capitalists are endeavoring to lease the Revelstoke smelter for a period of five years.

Miss Pearl Anderson died at her residence on Main street last Saturday night from an attack of fever.

The steamer Kootenay came in on Saturday, having on board two car loads of ore from the Slocan Star for Everett. She left on Sunday with six carloads—one car of explosives for Kaslo, two car loads of hay for Rossland, one car of furniture for Nelson, and one for Rossland. The steamer Lytton also brought up one car load of ore from the Slocan Star for Everett, taking down a full cargo of general merchandise.

Revelstoke Mail.

Work is being done on the Rosebery and Salisbury claims on Carnes Creek, owned by the Revelstoke Co., and also on the Aberdeen. They have a big showing of ore and carbonates.

Geo. Calloway ate his dinner as usual at the Maple Leaf Hotel, Illecillewaet, last Friday, but has not been seen since. His tracks were found near the river, pointing directly towards it, and from the length of the step, he must have been running, in fear that "some one was after him." Parties have been out searching, but no other trace of him has been found, and it is believed that he was drowned in the Illecillewaet.

Recent discoveries in the Revelstoke division of West Kootenay seem to confirm the impression that the whole country is thoroughly impregnated with mineral. A couple of weeks ago the find on North Fork of the Illecillewaet was chronicled. An assay of this ore gives $8 to $10 in gold, and from 80 to several ounces in silver. The bed of the creek is reported to be full of float of high grade ore. Those interested are now agitating for a trail to the head of the North Fork, which would also serve a number of old locations, such as the Jumbo, Whale, Bob O'Link, North Star, etc. A more recent discovery is one which has just been made on a tributary of the Jordan river which flows out of the Gold Range just above Revelstoke. This is a territory which has been little frequented by the prospector heretofore. Messrs. Frisby & Reighly had considerable success trapping up there last winter and returned this summer to prospect for mineral. They came back to town last Saturday, having located two claims on Wild Goose Creek. Their samples show the ore to be galena, which looks as though it might carry gold. There being no assayer here at present the samples were sent to Vancouver for a test, and until the result is obtained the value of the new find will not be known. In the meantime several parties have started out to prospect the vicinity of the new locations, where it is reported many ledges exist. Ore has also been discovered below Hall's Landing, across the lake from Halcyon Hot Springs in the vicinity of Cape Horne. Upper Arrow lake, where it is said they have found a "whole mountain of it."

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

"Sonadora" Cigars, 15c., or 2 for 25c.

## A DANCE OF DEATH.

A Young Spaniard Shoots Off His Pistol in a Ball Room.

Chihuahuaue, Mex., Aug. 5.—A terrible tragedy is reported from the village of Cailepa, west of here. A ball was in progress at the home of Joseph Ferretta, a prominent citizen of that place, when Louis A. Martinez, a young Spaniard, became enraged at being refused a dance by a young lady and drew a pistol and began firing indiscriminately in the crowd of dancers. He fired a dozen or more shots and killed three men and one woman. He then left the place and has not yet been captured.

—People with hair that is continually falling out, or those that are bald, can stop the falling, and get a good growth of hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

"Creme de la Creme" (Reina Victoria Extra) Cigars, 10c.

—We have a line of Japanese drapery materials, very pretty effects, and suitable for drapes, curtains and cushion coverings. Weiler Bros.

—Dispels all uneasiness at the stomach and makes you feel first rate. Adams' Tutti Frutti. Beware of fraudulent imitations.

—William Reed, who had been there before, stood in the dock at the police court this morning, charged with having been found drunk. He was duly convicted and ordered to pay $5 or serve ten days. He will serve the ten days.

# LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

**An Unpleasant Incident in Connection With the Goodwood Races.**

**Germany Will Enforce a Quarantine Against Trans-Atlantic Cattle.**

London, Aug. 5.—Now that the Goodwood week is closed everybody is looking forward to the Cowes regatta, which commences to-day, and where the usual brilliant gatherings will continue until the end of next week. An unpleasant incident is reported in connection with the Goodwood racing which, if true, does not redound to the credit of England's sporting prince. It is said that there is little doubt that Baron de Hirsch scratched Remainder for the Manchester cup in order to allow the Prince of Wales' Florizel II. to win, but it is supposed that the Prince of Wales was no party to the arrangement. However, it is asserted that the Prince of Wales, at the beginning of the week, intimated to Captain Matchell, the owner of Ravensbury, that he was especially desirous of winning the Goodwood cup with Florizel II. It is added that Ravensbury, who was a favorite in every event, was thereupon scratched and Florizel II. won easily from Lord Penryn's The Saffan, which was only put in to make a race, there being only two runners. A Conservative paper first drew attention to this rumor and then the Radical Sun of this city took up the matter, saying that the report was persistently being made at Newmarket, and adding: "If the Prince is correctly represented it would appear that he temporarily lost his head and was unable to obtain a full grasp of the nature of the consequence of his action. It is to be hoped for the sake of the reputation of the turf and the prince as a sportsman and a gentleman, that the rumor be authoritatively denied and Ravensbury be seen at the post." Captain Matchell then came out with a denial of the story and the prince also heard the rumor, and it was declared by a member of his entourage that he was greatly upset and told a friend it was almost enough to make him sell his horses. The prince's friends explain the origin of the report in the fact that the prince asked Capt. Matchell if he intended to enter Ravensbury for the Goodwood cup, and that Florizel would not start as a colt as she would need too stiff a training. Captain Matchell is said to have replied that he had no intention of starting Ravensbury. This explanation is very plausible, but the opinion is expressed in some quarters that the Prince's simple question may have influenced Captain Matchell's decision not to run his horse for the Goodwood cup.

The Cornell vs. Leander affair is not yet forgotten here and the Denver Times' comments on the cause of the collapse of the Cornell crew is denounced in the English papers.

Nobody who reads the comments on yachting and on the Vigilant's defeat last season will suppose if Valkyrie III. wins the cup any American newspaper will allow that Watson's machine has beaten Herreshoff's machine fairly and on its merits.

The Geographical Congress, which has just concluded its session, developed nothing original save the proposition for Antarctic explorations. The foreign delegates to the congress, generally speaking, are satisfied with the decision to meet in Berlin in 1896, instead of Washington.

Constantinople, Aug. 5.—The reply of the Turkish government to the notes of the powers regarding reform in Armenia is not regarded as satisfactory. At the foreign embassies it was looked upon as consisting of the nothing more than a criticism of the proposed scheme for reform in Armenia. The British Mediterranean squadron remains at Budhum.

Rome, Aug. 5.—The batch of American pilgrims under the leadership of Dr. Smith, were received by the Pope yesterday.

Copenhagen, Aug. 5.—There is grave anxiety regarding the condition of King Caristian. He is suffering from an internal affection and in view of his great age his recovery is considered doubtful.

Sofia, Aug. 5.—The organ of the Russian sympathizers suggests that in view of the possible abdication of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria Prince George of Greece may be invited to the throne.

Berlin, Aug. 4.—A quarantine against trans-Atlantic cattle, aimed especially against American cattle, will be enforced in Germany on October 1.

There has been a great number of suicides in the army during the past fortnight, and there were three cases of self-destruction in one regiment. In addition, during the manoeuvres at Mannheim, four soldiers were killed by sunstroke.

Prince Bismarck is in excellent health just now. He takes daily walks and drives, but Dr. Schweninger insists upon a plain diet and orders him to avoid excitement and visitors.

The German exports for the past six months show an increase of 165,000,000 marks compared with the same period of 1894. The increase in sugar alone is 45,300,000 marks.

The congress of the International Bicyclists' Association will be held at Cologne from Aug. 11th to 20th. A number of American wheelmen, including Wheeler, Zimmerman, Banker and Johnson, will compete for the world's championships.

Rich in the Life Principle of Prime Beef

This is the distinguishing trait of

Johnston's Fluid Beef.

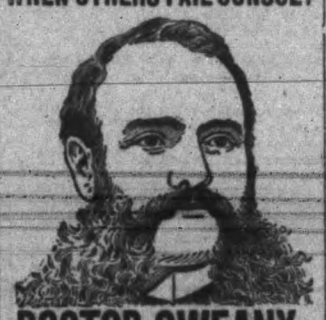


All seeking to secure the benefits that the essential qualities of Prime Beef can impart should make sure they use a preparation that contains these qualities.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF DOES.

—The steamer Maude, Captain Roberts, returned last evening from the West Coast, having had a pleasant trip with the exception of the time she spent in the fog, which was very thick off the coast. She brought back from San Juan a camping party consisting of G. Kirkendale, F. Sheppard, R. H. Allen, Miss Murton, Miss Blake, Miss Kirkendale, Miss Pherson and Mr. and Mrs. Murton. The other passengers were A. J. and D. McMillan, who made the round trip. As freight she brought a number of calves from Hesquiot. A settler at the latter place has several large bands of beef cattle, but they have become very wild.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL CONSULT



DOCTOR SWEANY,
SPECIALIST,

(Regular Graduate Registered.)

Formerly of Philadelphia, Pa., who for a number of years has had permanent offices at Seattle, Wash., 713 Front St. (Union Block), where the sick and afflicted can receive treatment in the future as they have in the past from the ablest and most successful specialist of the age.

Diplomas and Licenses

hang on the walls of his office. He has had many years of experience in the leading Eastern hospitals, also many years of successful practice that

Challenges the World.

He publishes no names of patients, nor their diseases, but cures them, and any one in need of his services desiring references can be shown hundreds of genuine testimonials on file in his office which grateful patients have requested him to use.

WHY Do the SICK PEOPLE of Seattle and vicinity crowd his office daily,

BECAUSE the wonderful cures he is making have created confidence and delight in the hearts of those who have struggled in vain for years against the ravages of disease until this successful doctor, whose picture appears above, restored them to health.

BUSINESS MEN

Now realize the fact that DOCTOR SWEANY can be depended upon to fulfill his promises in every respect and he now numbers among his patients prominent business men of this city and vicinity. He treats all medical and surgical diseases.

LOST MANHOOD among young, middle aged and old men. The awful effects of youthful indiscretion or excesses in after life.

YOUNG MEN If you are troubled with nocturnal emissions, drains, pimples, blushfulness, aversion to society, stupidity, despondency, loss of energy, ambition and self-confidence, which deprive you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business or marriage, you should take treatment from this noted specialist before it is too late.

MIDDLE AGED AND OLD MEN—

There are thousands of you troubled with weak, aching backs and kidneys, frequent painful urination and sediment in the urine, and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility and premature decay. Many die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause. The most obstinate cases of this character treated with unfailing success. Delay is dangerous.

PRIVATE Diseases—Inflammations, Stricktures, Weakness of Organs, Hydrocele, Varicocele and kindred troubles quickly cured without pain or detention from business.

CATARRH—When poisons the breath, stomach and lungs and paves the way for Consumption. Throat, Liver, Heart, Kidney, Bladder and all constitutional and internal troubles; also Rupture, Piles, Fistula treated far in advance of any institution in the country.

BLOOD AND SKIN Blotches, Boils, Spots, Pimples Scrofula, Syphilitic Taints, Tumors, Tetter, Eczema and Blood Poison, primary or secondary thoroughly eradicated, leaving the system in a sound, pure and healthful state.

LADIES—If you are suffering from persistent Headaches, Painful Menstruation, Intolerable Itching, or any of the distressing ailments peculiar to your sex, you should consult Dr. Sweany without delay. He cures when others fail.

WRITE Your troubles if living away from the city. Thousands cured at home by correspondence. Strictly confidential. Medicine sent secure from observation. Book entitled "GUIDE TO HEALTH" sent free to those describing their troubles. Address

LEVERETT SWEANY, M. D.
(Union Block)
713 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

MUNICIPAL.

## Notice to Property Owners.

Owners of property situate along or in the vicinity of the Johnston street ravine, who have already been individually notified, or their agents, of the proposal to remedy the condition of the said ravine, are requested to meet again at the City Hall, on Tuesday evening next, the 6th instant, at 8 p.m., to consider estimate of cost of proposed improvement as prepared by the City Assessor.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

Victoria, B.C., July 2nd, 1895.

## $25.00 REWARD.

The above reward is hereby offered for such information as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons tampering or interfering in any way with any manhole, ventilator, flush tank, or other part of the sewerage system of the City of Victoria, or causing any impediment or obstruction to the proper and effective operation of any portion of the said system, except when acting under instructions from the City Engineer or Sanitary Officer.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., August 1st, 1895.

## NOTICE

Pandora street between Douglas and Blanchard street is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

July 9, 1895.

## $10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

## Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of consumers of water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Sections 12, 20, and 23 of The Water Works Regulation By-Law, 1894, which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of water of the said water works shall use such water for irrigating except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In the North Ward on Mondays and Thursdays.

In the Central Ward on Tuesdays and Fridays.

In the South Ward on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore mentioned the water will be turned off, and there shall be charged in addition to ordinary rates the sum of fifty cents for each infraction.

The above penalties will be strictly enforced.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

Water Commissioner's Office,
14th May, 1895. m17

## Notice in Respect to Thistles.

The attention of persons interested is hereby drawn to sections 3 and 5 of the Consolidated Thistle By-Law, which read as follows, viz.:

"3. Every owner, lessee, tenant, occupier, or agent for the owner or lessee, of any land, shall cut or cause to be cut down, all thistles growing upon such land before such thistles have gone to seed or come to flower."

"4. Every person convicted of an infraction of the by-law shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars."

The said persons are also respectfully informed that this is the only notification they will receive in regard to this matter.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B. C., June 25th, 1895.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

**Royal Baking Powder**

**ABSOLUTELY PURE**

## FROM OVER THE BORDER.

**Big Fire at Sprague, the Northern Pacific Loss Amounts to $750,000.**

**Schoolboys Fight a Duel—Aeronauts Fatally Injured—Railway Smash-Up.**

Dansville, N. Y., Aug. 5.—Mrs. Talmage, wife of Rev. T. Dewitt Talmage, died at 5:30 this morning.

Berlin, Md., Aug. 5.—A fire swept this town last night and only three stores are standing, their contents being badly damaged by water and smoke. The total number of houses burned is about 75 and the loss is $200,000; insurance, about $25,000. Homeless people are wandering about the streets or sleeping upon mattresses under trees. The fire originated in the stables owned by G. W. Henry, presumably from the spark of a cigar.

Sprague, Wash., Aug. 5.—The Northern Pacific railway is the heaviest loser by the fire on Saturday which swept over 320 acres of territory and destroyed property valued at over a million dollars. The losses include 24 locomotives, 54 freight cars, $325,000; shop, machinery, etc., $50,000; headquarters, passenger station, warehouse, etc., $125,000. Half a mile of track was destroyed, together with 7000 tons of coal and 5000 cords of wood, bringing the Northern Pacific loss up to $750,000.

Jackson, Mich., Aug. 5.—Two aeronauts were fatally injured in a balloon accident at Vandercook's lake last night. The balloon used was one of the hot air variety with double bars. At six o'clock it was successfully inflated. Ella Peak, the trapeze performer, took the upper and Charles Elliott the lower. At the moment the retaining ropes were cast off a gust of wind caught the canvas and carried it to one side and it took fire. The monster balloon shot into the air some distance with both aeronauts on the bottom, and then it came crashing down. Miss Peak is large and she fell heavily, breaking both legs besides suffering internal injuries. Elliott struck on his shoulders and is badly crushed. His injuries are said to be fatal. They were dragged from the burning balloon and carried to the nearest tent, where surgeons attended them. Miss Peak is a niece of Prof. Hogan, who lost his life in Campbell's air ship in the Atlantic Ocean five years ago.

Leavenworth, Ind., Aug. 5.—William Welton and John Stangout, school boys, 13 and 11 years old respectively, fought a deadly duel with knives on Saturday night. The boys had always been good friends and schoolmates, and both have good reputations. They quarrelled over some trivial matter and, urged on by their associates, they agreed to fight it out with knives. They fought for 20 minutes and when the crowd of small boys around them found they could not separate them an alarm was given and the parents sent for. They arrived just as the younger lad sank to the ground with a deep wound in his left side. He is in a dangerous condition. The other boy is painfully injured.

Phoenixville, Pa., Aug. 5.—Engineer Jos. Grow was almost instantly killed and fireman Benjamin Major badly injured last night in a wreck on the Pickering Valley branch of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad, caused by the engine striking a cow. The whole train was derailed and thrown into a ditch. The engine toppled over on Engineer Grow, crushing him to death. The fireman was also caught in the wreck, but was not fatally injured. The passengers were badly shaken up but none were seriously hurt.

Sing Sing, Aug. 5.—Richard Leech was electrocuted at 11:16 a.m. Seventeen hundred volts were turned into his body, then reduced to 300 and then again raised to 1700 and reduced to 300. The current was turned on 15 minutes and 17 seconds before death was pronounced. Leech was electrocuted for the murder of Mary Hope Newkirk in New York in November, 1894. He is the smallest man who has yet gone to the chair, being only 5 feet in height. It is believed jealousy was the actuating motive for the deed. The woman died a short time after being assaulted. When Leech saw he had committed murder he tried to commit suicide by cutting his throat. After he cut his throat he wrote on a slate, which was lying on a table, that he loved her and before he would allow another man to live with her he killed her. Leech and the woman had been drinking the night before. After Leech cut his throat he went to the police station and gave himself up, confessing the murder.

San Francisco, Aug. 5.—Consul-General Wilder discredits the story about an alleged attempt to organize a filibustering expedition in this city to overthrow the Hawaiian government and restore the queen to the throne. He says: "The story is ridiculous and, as far as I have been able to ascertain, is absolutely without foundation. I never heard of W. P. Morrow before, nor of his alleged scheme of organizing a filibustering expedition to overthrow the Dole government. Furthermore as a matter of fact I am inclined to think Morrow is simply a confidence man.

Nyack, N. Y., Aug. 5.—Frank Briggs, the second victim of toadstool eating at Spaikil, died last night.

According to statements made at police headquarters this morning there never was a Sunday in the history of this city more dry than yesterday. According to statements made by persons who are not officials there were few places in the city where a person could not get a drink if he wanted it very badly. They said there was a show of enforcement of law by the police, but that in some localities the saloon keepers laughed at the police and carried on their business as openly as they ever did.

Southbridge, Mass., Aug. 5.—John Cannon, the first Irishman to settle in Charleston, died to-day, aged 102 years. Death resulted from old age.

Philadelphia, Aug. 5.—The Baldwin Locomotive Works and the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company have entered into an agreement by which they will hereafter work together in the development of an apparatus for the operation of steam railroading by electricity. It is expected that the union of these two companies will result in the early introduction of improved forms of electricity motors for standard railroads.

Washington, D. C. Aug. 5.—The story of the organization of a large filibustering expedition at San Franciso to attack the Hawaiian government and re-enthrone the queen has given no cause for concern at the state department for the reason that several similar publications recently have, it is said, been shown after careful investigation to be groundless.

Flemington, N. J., Aug. 5.—The score or more of the members of the Methodist church at Quakertown who were injured yesterday when the church was struck by lightning are still suffering from the shock. A number of the injured are in a critical condition. The physicians have hope of the recovery of all with the exception of Miss Minnie Frace and James Hoff. Miss Frace has remained unconscious since she was carried from the church.

New York, Aug. 5.—What is believed to be an infernal machine was discovered in the mailing department of the postoffice to-day addressed to Theodore Roosevelt, Central Police Office. The box looked suspicious and the investigation disclosed a large cartridge with a fuse attached. The police headquarters were notified and two policemen sent down by Chief Conlin took the supposed bomb away.

Washington, Aug. 5.—The state department has been notified by Ambassador Eustis of the action taken by the French chamber of deputies looking to the arrangement of a treaty between the United States and France by the terms of which any differences that may hereafter arise between the two countries will be adjusted by arbitration. The ambassador reported that a resolution to this end passed the chambers by a unanimous vote.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 5.—A petition from Decatur, Ill., asking for the pardon of Maria Barber signed by 550 citizens of that place was received at the executive chamber this morning. There was also a petition in her favor from Robt. U. Johnson and twenty five other attaches on the Century magazine.

Chillicothe, O., Aug. 5.—At South Perry Joseph Bingham and a brother-in-law named Oliver Benway were digging a well. Bingham entered the well. Not hearing Bingham at work, Benway called to him but received no answer. He then had his wife and another woman lower him into the well, where he found Bingham dead, having been killed by poisonous gases. Finding himself overcome he signalled the women to pull him up, but before reaching the top he fell from the bucket and was killed also. Both leave large families.

**"La Fayette" (Reina Victoria) Cigars, 5c.**

### DIED.

CONYERS—In this city, on the 5th inst., Gertrude Irene, infant daughter of L. U. Conyers.

Funeral will leave the residence of B. Stapledon, 73 King's Road, Tuesday, the 6th inst., at 2:30 p.m. Friends will please accept this intimation.

### PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Sehome from the Sound—Miss Johnston, I Gage and wife, Miss Anderson, M Frederickson, G J Barkfrid, Mrs Ludnigson, T Johnston, J V Johnson, R Croft, Miss Philips, Mrs Tansbury.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—J B Hancock, H H Hand, J B Richards, H Gordon, C W Bixby, Mrs Sylvester, J R Flemming, C G Dickinson, and friend, M Phillips, J B Hodge, C R Reid, A W Martin and wife, E E Price, E R Flack, G Hutton, Charles Hessey, three hundred and ninety-eight excursionists, Hock Mow.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—G M Dockerill, R P Nicholson, Miss McDonald, R L Reid, Mrs Reid, A Ruster, C Hall, R Layritz, M King, G C Heslin, L B Wilkie, M Egan, Max Leiser, Kenneth Burns, Capt Gaudin, Miss Ward, Master Marsland, Mrs W M Murray, Mrs R T Rogers, Miss Rogers, W Sauter, A Morrison, J R Taylor, Geo Greig, Jos Firth, M M Weinberg, C C McGlashan, Thos Blackwood, Mrs L B Wilson, Taphan Adney.

### CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Wm Shackleton, Todd & Son, H B Co, Wilson Bros, Weeks & Robson, Annie Ford, J Boscowitz & Son, S G Milton, J Hutchison & Co, N A Joseph, D Mitchell, C Edwards.

**"Creme de la Creme" (Reina Victoria Extra) Cigars, 10c.**

**Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder**
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

## SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

### THE TURF.

#### DANDY WON.

There were five starters in the horse race run at Clover Point on Saturday. Dr. Baker's Dandy won, with Snider's Jim S. a good second. Dandy has been matched against H. Coles' Jennie C. for $50 a side. The race will take place to-morrow morning.

#### HURST PARK.

London, Aug. 5.—The Bank Holiday Handicap was won by Mr. Foxhall Keene's Bohemian, Lord Hindley's Powick second, Mr. Eyer's Barsack third. Seven ran.

#### HOUNSLOW PLATE.

McAlpine first, Divinity second, April Fool third.

### CRICKET.

#### COLLEGE V. BATTALION.

The Victoria College eleven defeated the Battalion team by 60 to 30 at the Hill on Saturday. The Battalion team went to bat first but could not stand long against the bowling of Goward and Wilson. The former took seven wickets for seven runs and Wilson three for nine runs.

#### EASY WIN FOR VICTORIA.

The big cricket match at the Caledonia grounds on Saturday, Victoria vs. Vancouver, was won by Victoria by 42 runs and an innings. The result of Vancouver's first innings, 69, was given on Saturday and Victoria was piling up runs when the Times went to press. They continued to do so for some time and had made 197 when the innings closed. The big score of the day was made by G. E. Barnes, of Victoria. Vancouver, in their second innings, made but 86. The scores follow:

Vancouver—1st Innings.

| | |
|---|---|
| J. W. Sinclair, b Wallis | 21 |
| E. B. Deane, b Wallis | 18 |
| H. K. Flinton, b Wallis | 0 |
| E. Mahon, c Goward b Barnes | 8 |
| T. S. C. Saunders, not out | 12 |
| E. Senkler, c Drake b Wallis | 0 |
| C. H. Kennard, b Barnes | 0 |
| A. G. Thynne, b Wallis | 0 |
| R. M. Fripp, b Wallis | 3 |
| C. J. Loewen, b Wallis | 0 |
| B. Sugrue, b Wallis | 0 |
| Extras | 7 |
| Total | 69 |

Second Innings.

| | |
|---|---|
| J. W. Sinclair, b and b Goward | 28 |
| E. B. Deane, b Wallis | 2 |
| E. Matron, c Pooley b Morley | 18 |
| H. K. Flinton, not out | 1 |
| T. S. Saunders, c Fox b Barnes | 10 |
| E. Senkler, b Morley | 0 |
| C. H. Kennard, c and b Goward | 0 |
| A. G. Thynne, b Morley | 0 |
| R. M. Fripp, c Fox b Goward | 6 |
| C. J. Loewen, c Drake b Goward | 15 |
| J. F. Sugrue, l.b.w, b Morley | 0 |
| Extras | 6 |
| Total | 86 |

Victoria C. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| C. E. Pooley, b Deane | 12 |
| A. G. Smith, c Thynne b Sinclair | 8 |
| S. F. Morley, c Sinclair b Senkler | 20 |
| G. E. Barnes, not out | 64 |
| G. S. Holt, l b w, b Deane | 10 |
| W. Wallis, b Deane | 25 |
| B. Goward, c Deane b Sinclair | 8 |
| A. T. Goward, b Sinclair | 0 |
| B. H. T. Drake, run out | 12 |
| W. A. Ward, c Saunders b Deane | 12 |
| C. G. Fox, b Saunders | 12 |
| Extras | 8 |
| Total | 197 |

### CANOEING.

#### CHRISTIE WINS.

W. Christie on Saturday won the second race in a series being held under the auspices of the Victoria Canoe Club. The other starters were C. A. Godson, F. G. White and W. S. Gore.

### YACHTING.

#### SATURDAY'S RACE.

In the race for half raters sailed on Saturday there were five starters, the Annie, Viola, Plunger, Deborah and Edith. The Deborah took the lead from Laurel Point and won with ease. Plunger second, Annie third.

#### DEFENDER WINS.

Cottage City, Mass., Aug. 5.—The Defender beat the Vigilant in Saturday's race.

#### ISLE OF WIGHT.

Cowes, I. W., Aug. 5.—The Britannia has practically sailed over the 50-mile course alone, the Ailsa being absent under repairs. The Hester was the only boat to contest.

In the 20-raters the Isolde, Niagara, Luna, Audrey, Veneta and Stephanie started, but eventually they all backed out excepting the Audrey and Niagara. The Niagara won.

Cottage City, Mass., Aug. 5.—The big single stickers crossed the line in a bunch at 11:45 this morning. The Vigilant had a little the advantage. The wind promises to hold strong, which means a dead beat to windward all the way to Newport, a distance of 38 miles, and well qualified to test the merits of the boats.

### THE WHEEL.

#### HARRIS HANDICAP.

All of the selection heats for the Harris handicap race of 10½ miles have been ridden, Messrs. M. C. Reynard (3 minutes) and F. E. Alley (scratch), qualifying on Saturday. E. W. Bradley, who was also one of the scratch men in Saturday's selection heat, met with a mishap, one of his tires giving out. He had to change wheels, but made a game race, losing from Alley by half a second. The time was:—M. C. Reynard, handicap 3 minutes, time, 34.00; F. E. Alley, scratch, 31.48½. The following are now eligible for the final race: H. Wille (4 minutes), T. A. Jonasen and M. C. Reynard (3 minutes), C. Bush (2 minutes), T.G. Moody, Jr., (1.40 minutes), W. Hewartson (1.30 minutes), T. W. Kavanagh (1 minute) and F. E. Alley (scratch).

#### VANCOUVER MEET.

At Brockton Point on Saturday next Burrard Bicycle Club will hold a race meeting under the auspices of the C. W. A. The programme will include: Mile novice, ¾ mile open, 1 mile handicap, ½ mile open, 1 mile, boys under 16, 2 mile handicap, 3 mile handicap.

### THE GUN.

A meeting of the Victoria Gun Club will be held to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock in the office of Weiler Bros. The second shoot for the cup will be arranged for at this meeting. The cup is now in possession of Mr. W. Adams.

**"Sonadora" Cigars, 15c., or 2 for 25c.**

**FOR THE BLIND**

A Lecture will be given at the A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates street, at 8 p.m. on TUESDAY EVENING, the 6th inst., by Capt. Daniel Beck, on behalf of the adult blind. An attractive programme has been arranged.

**ADMISSION FREE.**

au3-2t

**Under New Management.**

**MR. J. DORN,**
OF CHICAGO,
Has assumed the management of the
**New York Restaurant**
Which he intends conducting in a strictly first-class manner. The restaurant, which has been entirely renovated and refitted, will be open day and night and none but competent white labor will be employed.
MR. DORN is a noted chef and by strict attention to business hopes to be favored with a share of public patronage. The restaurant opens for business under the new management on Saturday evening, August 3rd.
**New York Restaurant,**
67 and 69 Yates Street.

James E. Nicholson.

**CANCER ON THE LIP**
CURED BY
**AYER'S Sarsaparilla**

"I consulted doctors who prescribed for me, but to no purpose. I suffered in agony seven long years. Finally, I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In a week or two I noticed a decided improvement. Encouraged by this result, I persevered, until in a month or so the sore began to heal, and, after using the Sarsaparilla for six months, the last trace of the cancer disappeared."—JAMES E. NICHOLSON, Florenceville, N. B.

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Admitted at the World's Fair.
AYER'S PILLS Regulate the Bowels.

For First-class Footwear, Faultless Fit and Finest Finish, in Foremost Fashions, at Fairest Figures,
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Corner Government and Johnson Streets

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AGENTS FOR
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AGENTS—New Westminster, T. J. TRAPP; - Vernon, F. C. COSTERTON.

**Summer Suits to Order for $16**
At R. J. MATTHEWS', Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St
First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made and trimmed from $16. Good Pants to order from $3.50. Call and examine these goods before buying elsewhere.
101 DOUGLAS ST.

**Tips on Soap.**
Not a rub in the tub.

**Pendray's Electric**
Does the Work. Not you.
SAVE ALL THOSE WRAPPERS—September 30 will soon be here. The three largest number returned by that date will receive:
FIRST PRIZE, - - - - $25
SECOND PRIZE - - - - 15
THIRD PRIZE, - - - - 10
Buy PENDRAY'S and buy only PENDRAY'S.

**JOHNS BROS.**
Beg to announce that they are occupying their new premises and invite inspection of their large stock of
CHOICE GROCERIES,
TIN AND AGATE WARE,
PRESERVING BOTTLES, ETC.
Best goods at Lowest Prices.
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Cor. King's Road & Douglas St.

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You cannot hide a light under a bushel, nor can you keep from the public the merits of the
**Heintzman and Nordheimer Pianos.**
THEY
SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES
TRUMPET TONGUED.
PEOPLE PRAISE THEM.
HEARERS LIKE THEM.
AND WE GUARANTEE THEM.
**M. W. WAITT & CO.,**
Agents.

**A Charming Retreat.**
Mr. F. J. Dawley begs to announce that he has assumed the management of the hostelry known as the
**FOUR MILE HOUSE.**
This well known and beautifully situated resort has been thoroughly renovated and refitted and now offers exceptional inducements to tourists or persons desiring to spend a time away from the heat and dust of the city.
F. J. DAWLEY,
jy29-tf Proprietor.